

SCIENTIFIC **Duke University Hospital**

Center Code: NCDU REGISTRY OF Transplant Program (Organ): Kidney TRANSPLANT Release Date: July 6, 2022 RECIPIENTS

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2022

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

COVID-19 Guide

Adjustments to Transplant Program and OPO Evaluation Metrics

The Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR), under contract from the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), is charged with evaluating the performance of the nation's transplant system through publication of semi-annual transplant program-specific reports (PSRs) and organ procurement organization (OPO)-specific reports (OSRs). These reports contain performance metrics covering various time periods. For OPOs, these metrics include eligible death conversion rates and deceased donor organ yield. For transplant programs, they include pre-transplant mortality rates (formerly called waitlist mortality rates), transplant rates, organ offer acceptance rates, patient mortality after listing, and 1-month, 90-day, 1-year, 1-year conditional on 90-day, and 3-year posttransplant outcomes including graft survival and patient survival.

In response to the current global pandemic, SRTR modified the evaluation metrics for transplant programs and OPOs for the reports released in January 2021, July 2021 and January 2022. These reports made adjustments to transplant program and OPO performance metrics so that data beyond the declaration of a national public health emergency on March 13, 2020, were not included in the metrics.

Modifications for the July 2022 reporting cycle were considered at the Analytic Methods Subcommittee of the SRTR Review Committee (SRC) at its meeting on March 24, 2021, and the full SRC meetings April 27, 2021 and on January 11, 2022. Both the Analytic Methods Subcommittee and the full SRC recommended an ongoing carve out of the first quarter of the pandemic (March 13, 2020 through June 12, 2020) from adjusted performance metrics, as detailed below. These recommendations were reviewed by HRSA's Division of Transplantation, which oversees SRTR. HRSA approved these recommendations, which SRTR will implement for the July 2022 reporting cycle. These changes will remain in force beyond the July 2022 reporting cycle, unless otherwise amended:

Posttransplant Outcomes (including 1-month, 90-day, 1-year, 1-year conditional on 90-day, and 3-year graft and patient survival): Evaluation cohorts will exclude transplants performed between March 13, 2020 and June 12, 2020, inclusive of March 13 and June 12. Patients given transplants before March 13, 2020 will have follow-up censored on March 12, 2020. Patients given transplants after June 12, 2020 will resume normal follow-up. Follow-up will not resume for patients given transplants before March 13, 2020 who are alive with function on June 12, 2020; however, this may be reconsidered as SRTR continues to explore moving to a period-prevalent methodology:

1-month, 90-day, 1-year & 1-year conditional on 90-day Patient and Graft Survival Evaluations: Transplants 1/1/2019-3/12/2020, follow-up through 3/12/2020. Transplants 6/13/2020-6/30/2021, follow-up through 12/31/2021.

3-year Patient and Graft Survival Evaluations: Transplants 7/1/2016-12/31/2018; follow-up through 3/12/2020.

Pre-Transplant Mortality Rate (formerly called Waitlist Mortality Rate): Evaluation cohorts will exclude March 13, 2020 through June 12, 2020, inclusive of March 13 and June 12:

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COVID-19 Guide

RECIPIENTS

Days after listing (and before transplant) between 1/1/2020-3/12/2020 and 6/13/2020-12/31/2021.

Transplant Rate: Evaluation cohorts will exclude March 13, 2020 through June 12, 2020, inclusive of March 13 and June 12:

Candidates on the waitlist 1/1/2020-3/12/2020 and 6/13/2020-12/31/2021.

Overall Rate of Mortality After Listing: Evaluation cohorts will exclude March 13, 2020 through June 12, 2020, inclusive of March 13 and June 12:

Evaluation period: 1/1/2020-3/12/2020 and 6/13/2020-12/31/2021.

Offer Acceptance Rate: These evaluations are based on normal reporting cohorts.

Offers received 1/1/2021-12/31/2021.

These decisions will apply to the evaluations released in the SRTR's semi-annual program-specific reports scheduled for release on July 6, 2022. These changes have been communicated to the leadership of the Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network's (OPTN) Membership and Professional Standards Committee (MSPC). These decisions will then be re-evaluated as more information becomes available in preparation for the release scheduled for January 2023.

As with the January 2022 reports, SRTR will continue to report descriptive data beyond March 12, 2020, e.g., waitlist counts, transplant counts, recipient characteristics, donor counts, donor characteristics, etc., but will alter data for performance evaluation metrics as described above.



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This report contains a wide range of useful information about the kidney transplant program at Duke University Hospital. The report has three main sections:

- A. Program Summary
- B. Waiting List Information
- C. Transplant Information

The Program Summary is a one-page summary highlighting characteristics of the program, including the number of candidates on the waiting list, the number of transplants performed at the program, the number of patients being cared for by the program, and patient outcomes, including outcomes while on the waiting list (the transplant rate and the death rate while on the waiting list) and outcomes after transplant (patient and graft survival probabilities). If the program performed transplants in both adults and children, survival probabilities for adults and children (pediatrics) are provided separately. For each of the outcomes measures presented, a comparison is provided showing what would be expected at this program if it were performing as similar programs around the country perform when treating similar patients. More details regarding these outcome measures are provided in Sections B and C of the report.

The Waiting List Information section contains more detailed information on how many candidates are on the waiting list at the program, the types of candidates on the waiting list, how long candidates typically have to wait for a transplant at this program, how frequently candidates successfully receive a transplant, and how often candidates on the waiting list die before receiving a transplant.

Table B1 shows the activity on this program's waiting list during two recent 1-year periods and provides comparisons to all programs within this program's OPTN region (see http://optn.transplant.hrsa.gov/members/regions.asp for information on OPTN regions) and the nation as a whole. Tables B2 and B3 describe the candidates on the waiting list at this program, with comparisons to candidates waiting in the same donor service area (OPO/DSA) the OPTN region, and the nation as a whole.

Table B4 shows how many candidates were removed from the waiting list because they received a transplant. The program's transplant rate is calculated as the number of candidates who received a transplant divided by the person-years observed at the program (person-years is a combination of how many candidates were on the waiting list along with how long each candidate was followed since some candidates are not on the waiting list for the entire year). The transplant rate and comparisons to what would be expected at this program are presented in Figures B1 and B2. Figure B1 shows the transplant rate compared to what was expected at this program. The expected transplant rate is an estimate of what we would expect at this program if it were performing transplants at rates similar to other programs in the US with similar candidates on their waiting lists. The expected rate is only an estimate, and is made with a certain level of uncertainty. This uncertainty is shown in Figure B2. Figure B2 displays the ratio of the observed to the expected transplant rate. A ratio of 1 indicates that the observed transplant rate was equal to the expected transplant rate, while a ratio less than 1 indicates the observed rate was lower than expected rate and a ratio greater than 1 indicates the observed rate was higher than the expected rate. However, the level of uncertainty must be considered when interpreting these numbers. The 95% interval is also shown on Figure B2. This interval provides a range within which the true ratio of observed to expected transplant rates is likely to be. If this



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User Guide

confidence interval includes (crosses) 1.0, then we cannot say that this program's observed transplant rate is different from what would be expected. The observed transplant rate at this program was 34.3 per 100 person-years. Transplant rates are also provided for adult and pediatric patients separately along with comparisons to adult and pediatric rates in the DSA, the OPTN region, and the nation. Transplant rates are also presented excluding transplants from a living donor (Table B4D and Figures B1D-B3D). Please refer to the PSR Technical Methods documentation available at http://www.srtr.org for more detail regarding how expected rates are calculated.

The pre-transplant mortality rate (previously called the waiting list mortality rate) for candidates on the waiting list is presented in Table B5 and Figures B4-B6. These data are presented in the same way as the transplant rate data in the previous section. The intent of this table and figures is to describe risk of death once candidates are listed rather than while they are listed, but before they are transplanted. Therefore, time at risk and deaths after removal from the waiting list for reasons other than transplant, transfer to another transplant program, or recovery (no longer needing a transplant), and before any subsequent transplant, are included. As with transplant rates, mortality rates should be interpreted carefully taking into consideration the interval displayed in Figure B5. For a complete description of how observed and expected mortality rates are calculated, please refer to the technical documentation available at http://www.srtr.org.

Survival from listing is presented in Table B6 and Figures B7-B9. These data are presented in the same way as the pre-transplant mortality rate data in the previous section. The intent of this table and figures is to describe risk of death once candidates are listed rather than while they are listed, including after a transplant. As with transplant rates, mortality rates should be interpreted carefully taking into consideration the interval displayed in Figure B8. For a complete description of how observed and expected mortality rates are calculated, please refer to the technical documentation available at http://www.srtr.org.

Table B7 presents information on what happens to candidates on the waiting list by three different time points after listing: 6 months, 12 months, and 18 months. The table displays percentages of candidates who have died, been removed from the waiting list, been transplanted, or been transferred or lost-to-follow-up. Tables B8 and B9 provide more detail regarding how many candidates have received a deceased donor transplant by certain time points during the first 3 years after being put on the transplant waiting list. Each row of Tables B8 and B9 presents the percent of candidates who received a deceased donor transplant by each time point. Table B10 presents data on the time it took for different percentages of patients to be transplanted for candidates added to the list between 01/01/2016 and 06/30/2021. The time it took for 5% (the 5th percentile) of patients to receive a transplant at this program was 0.8 months. If "Not Observed" is displayed in the table, then too few candidates received transplants before 12/31/2021 to calculate a particular percentile of transplant times.

Table B11 contains a summary of the offer acceptance practices of the program. The offer acceptance ratio indicates whether the program is more or less likely to accept offers than the average program. If the offer acceptance ratio is greater than 1.0, then the program tends to accept more offers than average; if the offer acceptance ratio is less than 1.0, then the program tends to accept fewer offers than average. Figure B10 shows the distribution of program offer acceptance rates as well as the offer acceptance rate for this program. Figures B11 - B14 similarly show offer acceptance rates for subsets

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of offers.

The Transplant Information section begins with descriptions of transplant recipients in Tables C1 and C2. Data on recipients of deceased donor transplants are presented (Tables C1D and C2D); if applicable, data on recipients of living donor transplants are presented separately (Tables C1L and C2L). Comparisons to the region and the nation as a whole are provided. A description of the deceased donors used at this program is provided in Table C3D, along with characteristics of living donors in Table C3L, if applicable. Finally, information on the transplant procedure for deceased and living donor transplants is presented in Tables C4D and C4L, respectively.

Starting with Table C5, transplant outcomes are presented along with comparisons to what would be expected at this program and what happened in the nation as a whole. Tables C5-C14 (tables C5-C10 for Pancreas) present information on graft survival (survival of the transplanted organ), with data presented separately for adult and pediatric recipients. Patients are followed from the time of transplant until either failure of the transplanted organ or death, whichever comes first. Please refer to the technical methods for more information on these calculations (http://www.srtr.org).

While Tables C5-C14 present data on graft survival, Tables C15-C20 (tables C11-C20 for Pancreas) present information on patient survival. For these tables, patients are followed from the time of transplant until death, regardless of whether the transplant is functioning or the patient required another transplant to survive.

Tables C21 and C22 summarize the multiorgan transplant outcomes at this program. The summary statistics in these tables are descriptive and are not risk-adjusted for different donor and candidate characteristics.

Table D1 shows the rates of follow-up for living donors.

Additional information regarding the technical methods and the risk adjustment models used to estimate expected event rates is available on the SRTR website at http://www.srtr.org. We welcome and encourage feedback on these reports. Please feel free to share feedback with the SRTR at the following e-mail: srtr@srtr.org.



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Table of Contents

Section	Page
COVID-19 Guide	i
User Guide	iii
A. Program Summary	
Program Summary	1
B. Waiting List Information	
Waiting list activity	2
Demographic characteristics of waiting list candidates	3
Medical characteristics of waiting list candidates	4
Transplant rates	5
Deceased donor transplant rates	6
Pre-transplant mortality rates (formerly called Waiting list mortality rates)	7
Patient survival from listing	8
Waiting list candidate status after listing	9
Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: demographic characteris	tics 10
Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: medical characteristics	11
Time to transplant for waiting list candidates	12
Offer acceptance practices	13
C. Transplant Information	
Deceased donor transplant recipient demographic characteristics	15
Living donor transplant recipient demographic characteristics	16
Deceased donor transplant recipient medical characteristics	17
Living donor transplant recipient medical characteristics	18
Deceased donor characteristics	19
Living donor characteristics	20
Deceased donor transplant characteristics	21
Living donor transplant characteristics	22
Graft survival	23
Patient survival	53
Multi-organ transplant graft survival	71
Multi-organ transplant patient survival	71
D. Living Donor Information	
Living donor follow-up summary	72

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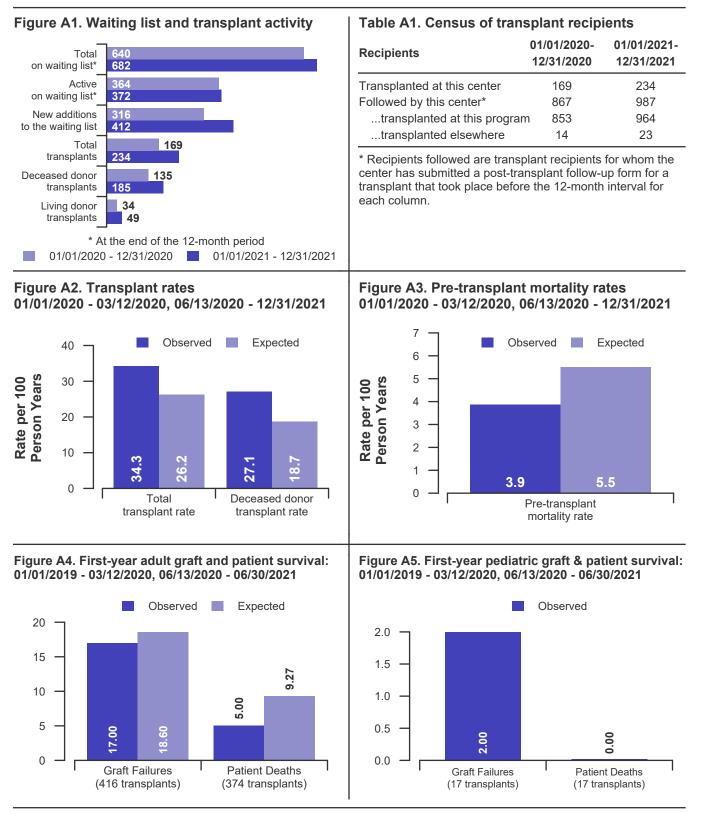
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A. Program Summary





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B. Waiting List Information

Table B1. Waiting list activity summary: 01/01/2020 - 12/31/2021

		ts for enter	Activity for 01/01/2021 to 12/31/2021 as percent of registrants on waiting lis on 01/01/2021			
Waiting List Registrations	01/01/2020- 12/31/2020	01/01/2021- 12/31/2021	This Center (%)	OPTN Region (%)	U.S. (%)	
On waiting list at start Additions	612	640	100.0	100.0	100.0	
New listings at this center	316	412	64.4	50.4	42.6	
Removals						
Transferred to another center	4	9	1.4	0.4	0.8	
Received living donor transplant*	34	48	7.5	5.4	6.1	
Received deceased donor transplant*	135	185	28.9	21.6	19.2	
Died	11	19	3.0	4.9	5.1	
Transplanted at another center	25	37	5.8	5.1	3.9	
Deteriorated	33	31	4.8	5.0	4.1	
Recovered	2	4	0.6	0.2	0.2	
Other reasons	44	37	5.8	3.8	4.5	
On waiting list at end of period	640	682	106.6	103.9	98.7	

* These patients were removed from waiting list with removal code indicating transplant; this may not equal the number of transplants performed at this center during the specified period.



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B. Waiting List Information

Table B2. Demographic characteristics of waiting list candidatesCandidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

Demographic Characteristic	01/01/2	iting List Reg 021 to 12/31/2	2021 (%)	0	ing List Regis n 12/31/2021 (%)
	This Center OPTN Region U.S. (N=412) (N=4,730) (N=41,483)		This Center (N=682)	U.S. (N=96,051)		
All (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ethnicity/Race (%)*						
White	37.4	41.4	41.9	36.7	39.6	35.7
African-American	55.3	50.3	29.7	57.3	52.3	31.8
Hispanic/Latino	2.9	4.1	18.6	2.5	3.5	20.7
Asian	2.9	2.7	8.2	2.5	2.7	10.0
Other	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.0	1.8	1.8
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)						
<2 years	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
2-11 years	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.6
12-17 years	1.0	1.1	1.5	0.9	0.9	1.1
18-34 years	10.9	9.6	10.4	9.4	9.3	9.8
35-49 years	24.5	26.7	25.1	28.9	27.8	26.6
50-64 years	46.8	42.2	40.8	46.3	43.1	43.4
65-69 years	12.9	12.7	12.9	12.0	12.9	12.3
70+ years	3.4	7.0	8.2	1.8	5.4	6.0
Gender (%)						
Male	60.7	61.0	62.2	64.8	62.0	62.1
Female	39.3	39.0	37.8	35.2	38.0	37.9

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



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B. Waiting List Information

Table B3. Medical characteristics of waiting list candidatesCandidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

Medical Characteristic	New Waiting List Registrations 01/01/2021 to 12/31/2021 (%)			All Waiting List Registrations on 12/31/2021 (%)			
	This Center (N=412)	OPTN Region (N=4,730)	U.S. (N=41,483)	This Center (N=682)	OPTN Region (N=9,757)	U.S. (N=96,051)	
All (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Blood Type (%)							
0	50.2	49.5	49.1	56.5	54.1	54.1	
A	30.1	31.0	32.0	21.7	26.1	26.9	
В	17.0	15.8	15.1	20.2	17.7	16.6	
AB	2.7	3.7	3.8	1.6	2.1	2.5	
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Previous Transplant (%)							
Yes	16.5	12.5	12.7	19.9	14.6	13.7	
No	83.5	87.5	87.3	80.1	85.4	86.3	
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Initial CPRA (%)							
0-9%	82.0	74.9	78.5	81.8	77.0	79.5	
10-79%	11.4	15.7	13.8	11.7	14.3	13.3	
80+%	6.3	9.4	7.6	6.5	8.7	7.1	
Unknown	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	
Primary Disease (%)*							
Glomerular Diseases	16.5	16.5	18.9	19.6	17.3	18.7	
Tubular and Interstitial Diseases	9.2	3.6	3.8	9.2	3.5	3.6	
Polycystic Kidneys	6.1	5.7	7.0	5.6	6.4	6.9	
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	2.7	1.8	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.9	
Diabetes	33.5	38.2	34.3	34.5	38.2	36.9	
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	s 0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	
Neoplasms	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.3	
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	20.6	23.4	19.9	21.3	23.6	20.7	
Other	10.7	10.1	13.1	7.0	8.6	10.5	
Missing*	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.4	

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.



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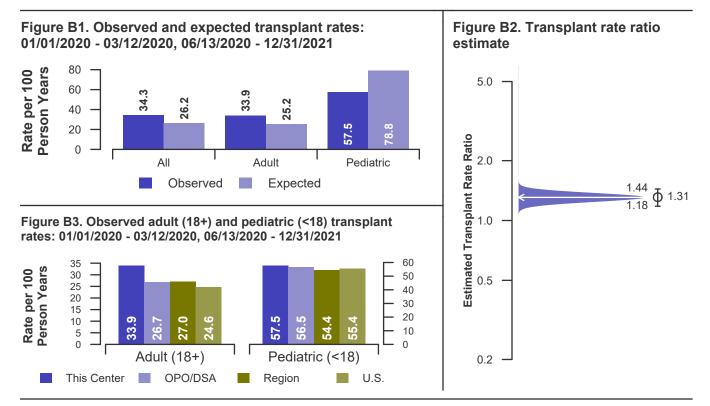
B. Waiting List Information

Table B4. Transplant rates: 01/01/2020 - 03/12/2020, 06/13/2020 - 12/31/2021

Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	611	2,470	9,335	101,071
Person Years**	1,097.3	4,285.4	16,486.7	170,145.6
Removals for Transplant	376	1,167	4,518	42,770
Adult (18+) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	604	2,425	9,183	99,521
Person Years**	1,078.2	4,214.6	16,234.9	167,233.3
Removals for transpant	365	1,127	4,381	41,156
Pediatric (<18) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	7	45	152	1,550
Person Years**	19.1	70.8	251.8	2,912.3
Removals for transplant	11	40	137	1,614

* Counts in this table may be lower than similar counts in other waiting list tables, such as Table B1. A small percentage (~1%) of patients are found to have died or been transplanted before being removed from the waiting list, so these patients are excluded if the event occurs prior to the start of the study period. Inactive time on the waiting list is included in the calculations for this table.

** Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, removal from the waiting list or December 31. Person years excludes time on the waiting list between March 13, 2020 and June 12, 2020.





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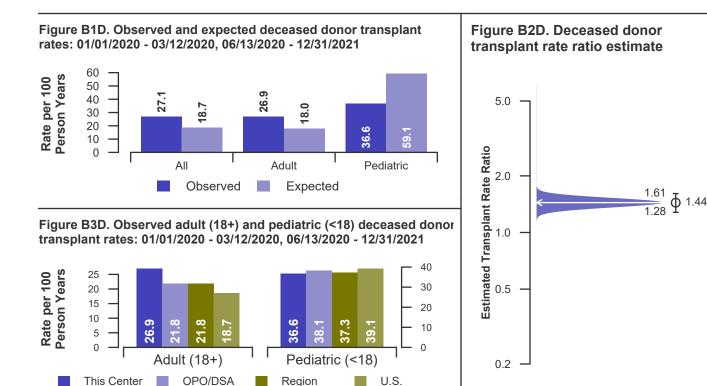
B. Waiting List Information

Table R4D Deceased dono	r transplant rates: 01/01/2020	- 03/12/2020 06/13/202	0 - 12/31/2021
		- 00/12/2020, 00/10/202	

Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	611	2,470	9,335	101,071
Person Years**	1,097.3	4,285.4	16,486.7	170,145.6
Removals for Transplant	297	945	3,638	32,349
Adult (18+) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	604	2,425	9,183	99,521
Person Years**	1,078.2	4,214.6	16,234.9	167,233.3
Removals for transpant	290	918	3,544	31,210
Pediatric (<18) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	7	45	152	1,550
Person Years**	19.1	70.8	251.8	2,912.3
Removals for transplant	7	27	94	1,139

* Counts in this table may be lower than similar counts in other waiting list tables, such as Table B1. A small percentage (~1%) of patients are found to have died or been transplanted before being removed from the waiting list, so these patients are excluded if the event occurs prior to the start of the study period. Inactive time on the waiting list is included in the calculations for this table.

** Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, removal from the waiting list or December 31. Person years excludes time on the waiting list between March 13, 2020 and June 12, 2020.



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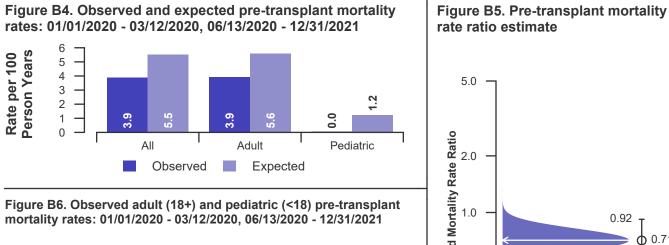
B. Waiting List Information

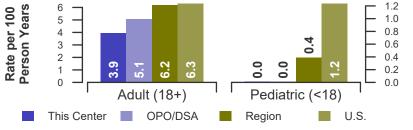
Table B5 Pre-trans	plant mortality rate	es: 01/01/2020	- 03/12/2020	06/13/2020 - 12/31/2021
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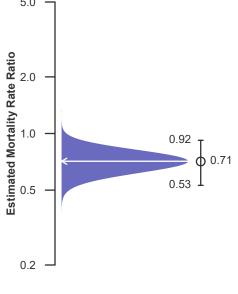
Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	611	2,470	9,335	101,071
Person Years**	1,240.1	4,606.9	17,964.0	184,404.8
Number of deaths	48	230	1,094	11,442
Adult (18+) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	604	2,425	9,183	99,521
Person Years**	1,221.0	4,533.7	17,705.2	181,402.1
Number of deaths	48	230	1,093	11,405
Pediatric (<18) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	7	45	152	1,550
Person Years**	19.1	73.2	258.8	3,002.7
Number of deaths	0	0	1	37

* Counts in this table may be lower than similar counts in other waiting list tables, such as Table B1. A small percentage (~1%) of patients are found to have died or been transplanted before being removed from the waiting list, so these patients are excluded if the event occurs prior to the start of the study period. Inactive time on the waiting list is included in the calculations for this table.

** Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, 60 days after recovery, transfer or December 31. Person years excludes time on the waiting list between March 13, 2020 and June 12, 2020.









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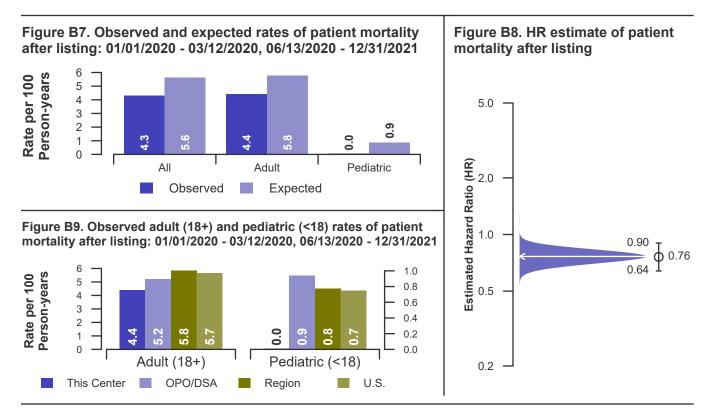
B. Waiting List Information

Table B6. Rates of patient mortality after li	stina: 01/01/2020 - 03/12/2020.	06/13/2020 - 12/31/2021

Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Patients				
Count at risk during the evaluation period	2,404	7,702	30,920	305,984
Person-years*	3,149.1	10,233.4	40,328.7	398,657.1
Number of Deaths	135	518	2,296	21,953
Adult (18+) Patients				
Count at risk during the evaluation period	2,347	7,472	30,149	296,995
Person-years*	3,067.7	9,913.8	39,294.2	386,475.5
Number of Deaths	135	515	2,288	21,862
Pediatric (<18) Patients				
Count at risk during the evaluation period	57	230	771	8,989
Person-years*	81.4	319.6	1,034.6	12,181.6
Number of Deaths	0	3	8	91

* Person-years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from 01/01/2020, or from the date of first wait listing until death, reaching 7 years after listing or December 31, 2021. Person years excludes time on the waiting list between March 13, 2020 and June 12, 2020.

** Patient mortality after listing describes the relative survival experience of patients after listing. It depends on many factors, some of which are outside of the control of the transplant program. For example, availability of organs may not be the same in every part of the country.





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B. Waiting List Information

Table B7. Waiting list candidate status after listingCandidates registered on waiting list between 07/01/2019 and 06/30/2020

Waiting list status (survival status)		Center (N าร Since L 12	,		5. (N=39,7 ns Since L 12	,
Alive on waiting list (%)	78.6	62.0	48.9	76.5	63.0	52.6
Died on the waiting list without transplant (%)	0.0	1.1	1.9	1.3	2.5	3.8
Removed without transplant (%):						
Condition worsened (status unknown)	0.0	1.1	1.5	0.6	1.4	2.4
Condition improved (status unknown)	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2
Refused transplant (status unknown)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Other	0.8	1.9	4.1	0.7	1.5	2.4
Transplant (living donor from waiting list only) (%):						
Functioning (alive)	3.0	6.4	5.3	5.1	8.1	7.8
Failed-Retransplanted (alive)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Failed-alive not retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Died	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
Status Yet Unknown**	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.1	0.3	2.5
Transplant (deceased donor) (%):						
Functioning (alive)	15.4	19.9	20.7	13.1	17.6	15.7
Failed-Retransplanted (alive)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Failed-alive not retransplanted	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Died	0.4	1.1	1.5	0.3	0.7	1.1
Status Yet Unknown*	1.1	5.3	12.4	1.8	3.7	10.1
Lost or Transferred (status unknown) (%)	0.4	0.4	1.1	0.4	0.7	1.0
TOTAL (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total % known died on waiting list or after transplant	0.4	2.3	3.4	1.6	3.4	5.1
Total % known died or removed as unstable	0.4	3.4	4.9	2.2	4.8	7.5
Total % removed for transplant	20.3	33.1	42.1	20.4	30.6	37.5
Total % with known functioning transplant (alive)	18.4	26.3	25.9	18.1	25.7	23.5

* Follow-up form covering specified time period not yet completed, and possibly has not become due.



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B. Waiting List Information

Table B8. Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: demographic characteristics Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2016 and 12/31/2018

Characteristic	Percent transplanted at time periods since listing This Center United States									
	Ν				3 years	Ν				3 years
All	725	6.1	21.1	28.7	36.6	96,345	4.4	18.4	25.7	31.4
Ethnicity/Race*										
White	269	6.3	21.9	27.5	36.4	38,086	4.4	19.0	26.4	32.1
African-American	405	6.2	21.2	29.1	36.5	29,754	4.6	18.9	26.2	32.1
Hispanic/Latino	19	0.0	21.1	42.1	42.1	18,541	4.5	18.3	25.0	30.6
Asian	23	0.0	8.7	26.1	34.8	8,146	2.6	13.2	20.5	26.5
Other	9	22.2	22.2	22.2	33.3	1,818	5.8	22.9	30.8	35.9
Unknown	0					0				
Age										
<2 years	0					113	6.2	44.2	59.3	74.3
2-11 years	7	14.3	42.9	57.1	57.1	801	8.4	49.6	64.7	73.2
12-17 years	3	0.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	1,397	7.7	49.0	61.0	65.9
18-34 years	69	7.2	13.0	24.6	33.3	9,517	4.4	20.0	28.6	36.2
35-49 years	222	4.1	21.6	28.8	36.0	24,002	4.1	17.7	25.2	31.5
50-64 years	325	7.7	21.5	28.0	37.2	41,117	4.4	17.1	23.8	29.1
65-69 years	92	4.3	22.8	32.6	38.0	12,962	4.2	17.2	23.7	28.9
70+ years	7	0.0	14.3	14.3	14.3	6,436	4.1	18.8	25.5	30.2
Gender										
Male	425	6.8	20.5	26.4	33.6	59,641	4.5	17.7	24.5	30.0
Female	300	5.0	22.0	32.0	40.7	36,704	4.2	19.6	27.5	33.7

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



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B. Waiting List Information

 Table B9. Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: medical characteristics

 Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2016 and 12/31/2018

Characteristic	Percent transplanted at time periods since listing naracteristic Dinited States					-				
	Ν	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years	5 N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years
All	725	6.1	21.1	28.7	36.6	96,345	4.4	18.4	25.7	31.4
Blood Type										
0	345	6.7	22.9	27.8	33.6	48,031	4.0	16.1	22.2	27.4
A	233	6.9	21.0	32.2	42.5	30,097	5.2	21.7	30.5	37.1
В	122	2.5	13.1	18.0	25.4	14,661	2.9	15.6	22.3	27.7
AB	25	8.0	36.0	60.0	76.0	3,556	7.3	34.3	45.7	52.4
Previous Transplant										
Yes	98	3.1	19.4	23.5	29.6	12,842	2.9	18.2	26.4	32.1
No	627	6.5	21.4	29.5	37.6	83,503	4.6	18.5	25.5	31.3
Peak PRA/CPRA										
0-9%	594	6.4	19.9	26.6	34.5	76,140	4.6	17.8	24.6	30.3
10-79%	74	2.7	14.9	27.0	39.2	11,963	3.4	17.5	25.4	31.4
80+%	57	7.0	42.1	52.6	54.4	8,136	3.2	25.7	35.8	41.4
Unknown	0					4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary Disease*										
Glomerular Diseases	146	4.8	19.9	30.8	44.5	17,814	3.6	19.2	28.0	35.0
Tubular & Interstitial Diseases	53	3.8	17.0	22.6	28.3	3,707	5.3	21.4	28.5	34.8
Polycystic Kidneys	42	0.0	19.0	23.8	31.0	6,384	3.0	17.9	26.9	34.4
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	20	10.0	30.0	35.0	45.0	1,841	5.9	30.4	40.5	48.7
Diabetes	268	2.6	18.3	23.1	29.9	34,913	3.1	14.0	19.8	24.5
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	161	6.2	23.0	31.7	39.1
Neoplasms	6	16.7	16.7	33.3	33.3	328	9.1	27.7	35.4	40.2
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	149	8.7	23.5	34.9	39.6	19,842	4.6	18.9	26.4	32.5
Other	39	30.8	41.0	46.2	56.4	11,004	9.3	27.5	35.0	39.8
Missing*	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	351	2.0	10.0	16.0	20.8

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.



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B. Waiting List Information

Table B10. Time to transplant for waiting list candidates*Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2016 and 06/30/2021

	Months to Transplant**					
Percentile	Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.		
5th	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8		
10th	2.0	2.0	2	2.1		
25th	7.8	8.5	8.0	8.4		
50th (median time to transplant)	30.8	34.1	32.1	35.8		
75th	Not Observed	Not Observed	Not Observed	Not Observed		

* If cells contain "Not Observed" fewer than that percentile of patients had received a transplant. For example, the 50th percentile of time to transplant is the time when 50% of candidates have received transplants. If waiting times are long, then the 50th percentile may not be observed during the follow-up period for this table. Also, if more than 50% of candidates are removed from the list due to death or other reasons before receiving transplants, then the 50th percentile of time to transplant will not be observed.

** Censored on 12/31/2021. Calculated as the months after listing, during which the corresponding percent of all patients initially listed had received a transplant.



REGISTRY OF Center TRANSPLANT Releas RECIPIENTS Based

Center Code: NCDU Transplant Program (Organ): Kidney Release Date: July 6, 2022 Based on Data Available: April 30, 2022 SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

B. Waiting List Information

Table B11. Offer Acceptance Practices: 01/01/2021 - 12/31/2021

Offers Acceptance Characteristics	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
Overall				
Number of Offers	13,314	67,286	260,504	2,543,357
Number of Acceptances	168	512	1,943	17,474
Expected Acceptances	58.6	406.0	1,853.5	17,457.3
Offer Acceptance Ratio*	2.81	1.26	1.05	1.00
95% Credible Interval**	[2.40, 3.24]			
Low-KDRI Donors (KDRI < 1.05)				
Number of Offers	1,673	7,791	35,107	342,108
Number of Acceptances	39	148	598	5,656
Expected Acceptances	18.9	116.6	525.3	5,638.3
Offer Acceptance Ratio*	1.96	1.27	1.14	1.00
95% Credible Interval**	[1.41, 2.61]			
Medium-KDRI Donors (1.05 < KDRI < 1.75)				
Number of Offers	8,899	45,787	174,352	1,665,051
Number of Acceptances	103	289	1,113	9,768
Expected Acceptances	29.7	231.3	1,105.1	9,771.6
Offer Acceptance Ratio*	3.32	1.25	1.01	1.00
95% Credible Interval**	[2.71, 3.98]			
High-KDRI Donors (KDRI > 1.75)				
Number of Offers	2,742	13,708	51,045	536,198
Number of Acceptances	26	75	232	2,050
Expected Acceptances	10.0	58.1	223.1	2,047.3
Offer Acceptance Ratio*	2.32	1.28	1.04	1.00
95% Credible Interval**	[1.54, 3.26]			
Hard-to-Place Kidneys (Over 100 Offers)				
Number of Offers	12,359	58,727	220,761	2,179,419
Number of Acceptances	47	117	325	2,936
Expected Acceptances	14.6	70.7	301.7	2,956.7
Offer Acceptance Ratio*	2.94	1.64	1.08	0.99
95% Credible Interval**	[2.18, 3.82]			

* The offer acceptance ratio estimates the relative offer acceptance practice of Duke University Hospital compared to the national offer acceptance practice. A ratio above one indicates the program is more likely to accept an offer compared to national offer acceptance practices (e.g., an offer acceptance ratio of 1.25 indicates a 25% more likely to accept an offer), while a ratio below one indicates the program is less likely to accept an offer acceptance practices (e.g., an offer acceptance a 25% less likely to accept an offer).

** As an example, the 95% Credible Interval for the overall offer acceptance ratio, [2.40, 3.24], indicates the location of NCDU's true offer acceptance ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 181% more likely to accept an offer compared to national acceptance behavior, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 140% higher acceptance up to 224% higher acceptance.



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B. Waiting List Information

Figure B10. Offer acceptance: Overall

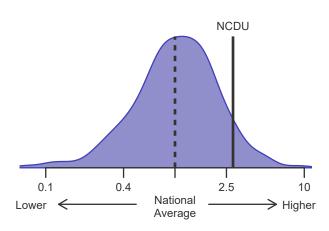


Figure B12. Offer acceptance: Medium-KDRI

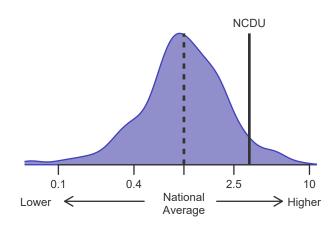
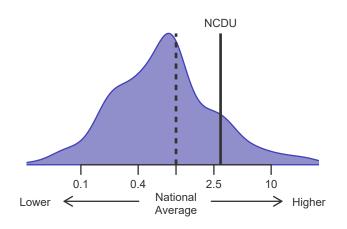


Figure B14. Offer acceptance: Offer number > 100



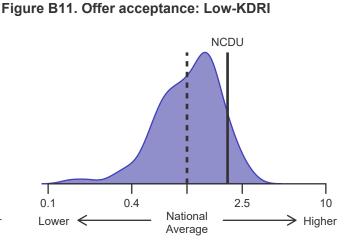
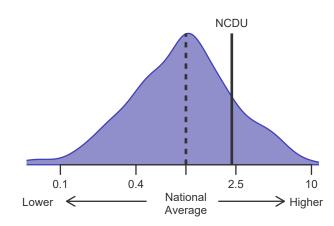


Figure B13. Offer acceptance: High-KDRI





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C. Transplant Information

Table C1D. Deceased donor transplant recipient demographic characteristics Patients transplanted between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in each category				
Characteristic	Center (N=185)	Region (N=2,039)	U.S. (N=18,697)		
Ethnicity/Race (%)*					
White	33.0	34.0	35.7		
African-American	57.8	56.7	33.7		
Hispanic/Latino	3.2	4.6	20.8		
Asian	4.3	2.9	8.1		
Other	1.6	1.8	1.7		
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Age (%)					
<2 years	0.0	0.2	0.1		
2-11 years	0.5	0.9	1.2		
12-17	1.1	1.0	1.9		
18-34	12.4	10.2	10.8		
35-49 years	25.9	27.3	24.2		
50-64 years	42.2	39.8	39.8		
65-69 years	15.7	12.1	12.5		
70+ years	2.2	8.4	9.6		
Gender (%)					
Male	56.8	56.2	60.5		
Female	43.2	43.8	39.5		

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



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C. Transplant Information

Table C1L. Living donor transplant recipient demographic characteristics Patients transplanted between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in each category				
Characteristic	Center (N=49)	Region (N=517)	U.S. (N=5,970)		
Ethnicity/Race (%)*					
White	61.2	67.1	62.1		
African-American	32.7	24.8	13.1		
Hispanic/Latino	2.0	4.6	16.9		
Asian	4.1	2.5	6.4		
Other	0.0	1.0	1.4		
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Age (%)					
<2 years	0.0	0.2	0.3		
2-11 years	2.0	0.6	1.8		
12-17	2.0	1.9	1.8		
18-34	22.4	17.2	16.2		
35-49 years	22.4	25.9	26.5		
50-64 years	42.9	35.8	34.5		
65-69 years	4.1	9.9	10.3		
70+ years	4.1	8.5	8.7		
Gender (%)					
Male	65.3	61.3	62.7		
Female	34.7	38.7	37.3		

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



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C. Transplant Information

Table C2D. Deceased donor transplant recipient medical characteristicsPatients transplanted between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in each category				
Characteristic	Center (N=185)	Region (N=2,039)	U.S. (N=18,697)		
Blood Type (%)					
0	43.2	45.6	46.8		
A	37.8	35.8	34.4		
В	14.6	14.1	14.3		
AB	4.3	4.5	4.5		
Previous Transplant (%)					
Yes	11.9	12.9	13.5		
No	88.1	87.1	86.5		
Peak PRA/CPRA Prior to Transplant (%)					
0-9%	61.1	49.9	59.1		
10-79%	23.2	26.5	22.5		
80+ %	15.7	23.5	18.5		
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Body Mass Index (%)					
0-20	6.5	7.4	9.5		
21-25	26.5	22.4	26.8		
26-30	33.0	30.1	30.5		
31-35	23.2	24.1	20.8		
36-40	9.7	12.5	8.3		
41+	1.1	2.1	1.7		
Unknown	0.0	1.5	2.4		
Primary Disease (%)*					
Glomerular Diseases	24.3	18.6	20.4		
Tubular and Interstitial Disease	10.3	3.9	4.1		
Polycystic Kidneys	5.9	5.9	6.8		
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	4.9	2.5	2.8		
Diabetes	27.6	30.9	29.8		
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	0.0	0.3	0.1		
Neoplasms	0.0	0.3	0.4		
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	19.5	27.6	23.3		
Other Kidney	7.6	9.7	11.9		
Missing*	0.0	0.3	0.3		

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). See COVID-19 Guide for pandemic-related follow-up limits.



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C. Transplant Information

Table C2L. Living donor transplant recipient medical characteristics Patients transplanted between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in each category				
Characteristic	Center (N=49)	Region (N=517)	U.S. (N=5,970)		
Blood Type (%)					
0	40.8	46.6	43.9		
A	44.9	36.8	37.6		
В	10.2	11.4	14.3		
AB	4.1	5.2	4.3		
Previous Transplant (%)					
Yes	12.2	8.1	9.9		
No	87.8	91.9	90.1		
Peak PRA/CPRA Prior to Transplant (%)					
0-9%	69.4	71.2	75.5		
10-79%	24.5	24.0	19.8		
80+ %	4.1	4.6	4.6		
Unknown	2.0	0.2	0.1		
Body Mass Index (%)					
0-20	8.2	9.1	11.7		
21-25	28.6	26.1	28.8		
26-30	28.6	29.2	30.7		
31-35	30.6	25.1	20.1		
36-40	4.1	8.3	6.7		
41+	0.0	1.4	1.2		
Unknown	0.0	0.8	0.8		
Primary Disease (%)*					
Glomerular Diseases	28.6	27.9	29.1		
Tubular and Interstitial Disease	12.2	3.9	4.4		
Polycystic Kidneys	10.2	11.2	11.0		
Congenital, Familial, Metabolic	4.1	3.3	4.1		
Diabetes	22.4	22.4	24.2		
Renovascular & Vascular Diseases	0.0	0.0	0.2		
Neoplasms	2.0	0.6	0.6		
Hypertensive Nephrosclerosis	14.3	21.9	16.0		
Other Kidney	6.1	8.9	10.1		
Missing*	0.0	0.0	0.3		

* When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). See COVID-19 Guide for pandemic-related follow-up limits.



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C. Transplant Information

Table C3D. Deceased donor characteristicsTransplants performed between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in each category				
Donor Characteristic	Center (N=185)	Region (N=2,039)	U.S. (N=18,697)		
Cause of Death (%)					
Deceased: Stroke	16.8	21.0	21.5		
Deceased: MVA	14.6	13.5	13.4		
Deceased: Other	68.6	65.5	65.1		
Ethnicity/Race (%)*					
White	71.9	73.7	67.1		
African-American	21.6	18.5	13.7		
Hispanic/Latino	4.9	5.9	15.3		
Asian	0.5	1.0	2.6		
Other	1.1	0.9	1.3		
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Age (%)					
<2 years	0.0	0.5	0.8		
2-11 years	3.2	1.4	2.3		
12-17	2.2	3.6	3.9		
18-34	35.7	33.1	31.0		
35-49 years	35.7	36.7	34.1		
50-64 years	21.6	23.1	25.5		
65-69 years	1.1	1.4	2.0		
70+ years	0.5	0.2	0.4		
Gender (%)					
Male	62.7	62.7	64.0		
Female	37.3	37.3	36.0		
Blood Type (%)					
0	45.4	47.4	48.6		
A	38.4	37.8	36.9		
В	13.0	11.0	11.3		
AB	3.2	3.8	3.3		
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0		

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



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C. Transplant Information

Table C3L. Living donor characteristicsTransplants performed between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in each category				
Donor Characteristic	Center (N=49)	Region (N=517)	U.S. (N=5,970)		
Ethnicity/Race (%)*					
White	73.5	77.8	70.1		
African-American	18.4	14.3	8.0		
Hispanic/Latino	4.1	4.8	15.3		
Asian	4.1	1.9	4.5		
Other	0.0	1.2	2.1		
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Age (%)					
0-11 years	0.0	0.0	0.0		
12-17	0.0	0.0	0.0		
18-34	34.7	27.5	27.4		
35-49 years	40.8	38.5	39.3		
50-64 years	22.4	29.6	28.2		
65-69 years	2.0	3.1	4.0		
70+ years	0.0	1.4	1.0		
Gender (%)					
Male	30.6	32.3	35.4		
Female	69.4	67.7	64.6		
Blood Type (%)					
0	71.4	65.4	61.1		
А	22.4	25.5	27.7		
В	4.1	7.0	9.3		
AB	2.0	2.1	1.9		
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0		

* Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



REGISTRY 약 Center Code: NCDU Transplant Program (Organ): Kidney TRANSPLANT Release Date: July 6, 2022 RECIPIENTS

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2022

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C. Transplant Information

Table C4D. Deceased donor transplant characteristics Transplants performed between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

Transplants performed between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021	Percentage in each cat		tegory	
Transplant Characteristic	Center (N=185)	Region (N=2,039)	U.S. (N=18,697)	
Cold Ischemic Time (Hours): Local (%)				
Deceased: 0-11 hr	11.7	22.9	25.5	
Deceased: 12-21 hr	45.5	53.6	50.4	
Deceased: 22-31 hr	29.9	20.5	20.2	
Deceased: 32-41 hr	11.7	1.9	2.5	
Deceased: 42+ hr	1.3	0.3	0.4	
Not Reported	0.0	0.8	0.9	
Cold Ischemic Time (Hours): Shared (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Deceased: 0-11 hr	4.6	6.3	10.4	
Deceased: 12-21 hr	24.1	50.7	45.7	
Deceased: 22-31 hr	40.7	35.0	33.5	
Deceased: 32-41 hr	25.0	6.0	7.5	
Deceased: 42+ hr	5.6	0.8	1.6	
	0.0	1.2	1.4	
Not Reported	0.0	1.2	1.4	
Level of Mismatch (%)				
A Locus Mismatches (%)	44.4	40.0	44.0	
0	11.4	12.8	11.6	
1	33.5	36.7	38.7	
2	55.1	50.5	49.5	
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	
B Locus Mismatches (%)				
0	6.5	8.1	7.1	
1	25.9	24.7	25.5	
2	67.6	67.2	67.3	
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	
DR Locus Mismatches (%)				
0	16.8	18.0	16.8	
1	43.2	47.6	47.8	
2	40.0	34.4	35.2	
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	
Total Mismatches (%)				
0	3.8	6.0	4.7	
1	2.2	1.7	1.0	
2	2.2	4.0	4.9	
3	15.1	12.7	14.2	
4	27.6	28.6	27.9	
5	29.2	31.5	32.1	
6	20.0	15.6	15.1	
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.2	
Procedure Type (%)	0.0	0.0	0.2	
	00.3	05.6	03.0	
Single organ	90.3 9.7	95.6 4.4	93.9	
Multi organ Dielvoie in Eirst Week After Transplant (%)	9.7	4.4	6.1	
Dialysis in First Week After Transplant (%)	40.0	24.0	20.0	
Yes	43.2	34.9	30.9	
No	56.8	64.1	68.8	
Not Reported	0.0	1.0	0.3	
Donor Location (%)			4	
Local Donation Service Area (DSA)	41.6	36.6	45.6	
Another Donation Service Area (DSA)	58.4	63.4	54.4	
Median Time in Hospital After Transplant	6.0 Days	4.0 Days	5.0 Days	

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA).

See COVID-19 Guide for pandemic-related follow-up limits.



Center Code: NCDU Transplant Program (Organ): Kidney Release Date: July 6, 2022 Based on Data Available: April 30, 2022

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C. Transplant Information

TRANSPLANT

RECIPIENTS

Table C4L. Living donor transplant characteristicsTransplants performed between 01/01/2021 and 12/31/2021

	Percentage in			
Transplant Characteristic	Center (N=49)	Region (N=517)	U.S. (N=5,970)	
Relation with Donor (%)				
Related	32.7	39.7	39.5	
Unrelated	67.3	60.2	60.3	
Not Reported	0.0	0.2	0.3	
Level of Mismatch (%)				
A Locus Mismatches (%)				
0	10.2	13.9	16.3	
1	40.8	40.2	47.5	
2	49.0	28.4	31.7	
Not Reported	0.0	17.4	4.5	
B Locus Mismatches (%)				
0	10.2	10.1	9.5	
1	30.6	34.2	41.7	
2	59.2	38.3	44.3	
Not Reported	0.0	17.4	4.5	
DR Locus Mismatches (%)				
0	12.2	12.4	15.0	
1	44.9	38.5	47.2	
2	42.9	31.7	33.3	
Not Reported	0.0	17.4	4.5	
Total Mismatches (%)				
0	4.1	4.8	4.7	
1	2.0	2.7	3.4	
2	8.2	8.5	12.2	
3	18.4	21.5	22.2	
4	22.4	13.2	17.3	
5	14.3	18.4	23.2	
6	30.6	13.5	12.6	
Not Reported	0.0	17.4	4.5	
Procedure Type (%)				
Single organ	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Multi organ	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Dialysis in First Week After Transplant (%)				
Yes	4.1	3.5	2.5	
No	95.9	95.7	97.1	
Not Reported	0.0	0.8	0.3	
Median Time in Hospital After Transplant	4.0 Days	3.0 Days	4.0 Days	



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C. Transplant Information

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Table C5. Adult (18+) 1-month survival with a functioning graft

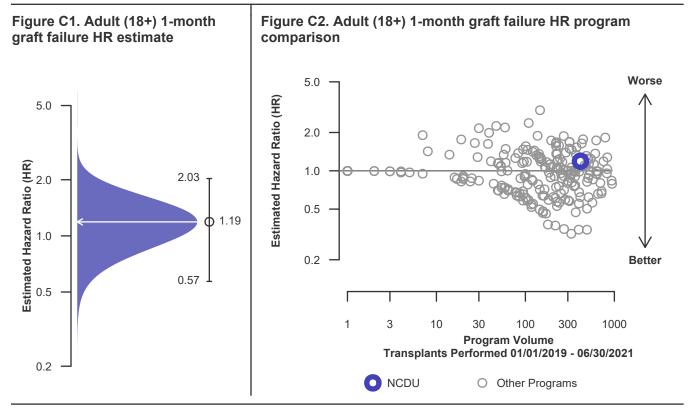
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	416	49,802
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.08%	98.52%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.43%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	8	728
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	6.41	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.19	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.57, 2.03]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.57, 2.03], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 19% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 43% reduced risk up to 103% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C5D. Adult (18+) 1-month survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

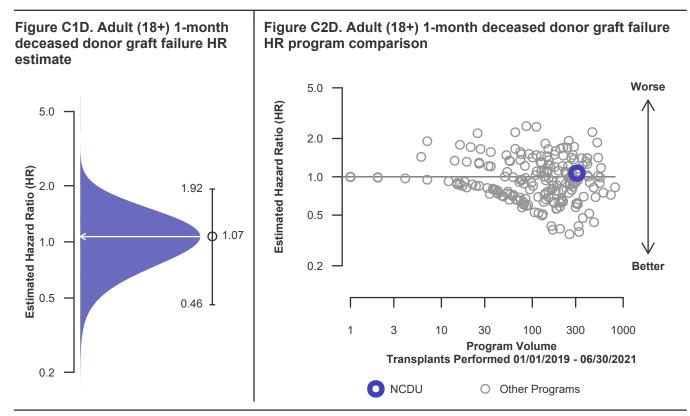
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	310	36,011
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.06%	98.29%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.19%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	6	609
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	5.49	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.07	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.46, 1.92]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.46, 1.92], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 7% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 54% reduced risk up to 92% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C5L. Adult (18+) 1-month survival with a functioning living donor graft

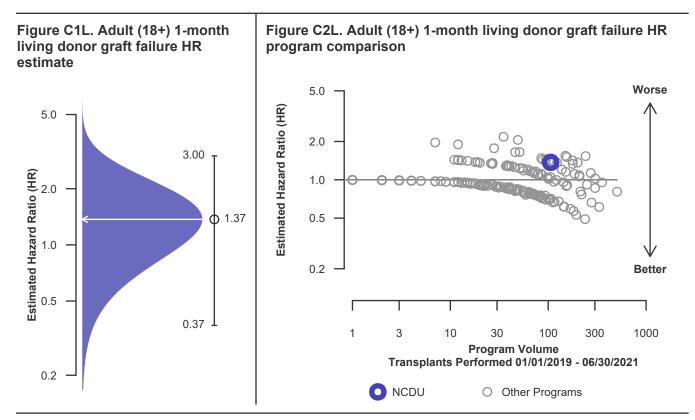
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	106	13,791
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.11%	99.13%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.12%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	2	119
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0.92	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.37	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.37, 3.00]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.37, 3.00], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 37% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 63% reduced risk up to 200% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C6. Adult (18+) 90-Day survival with a functioning graft

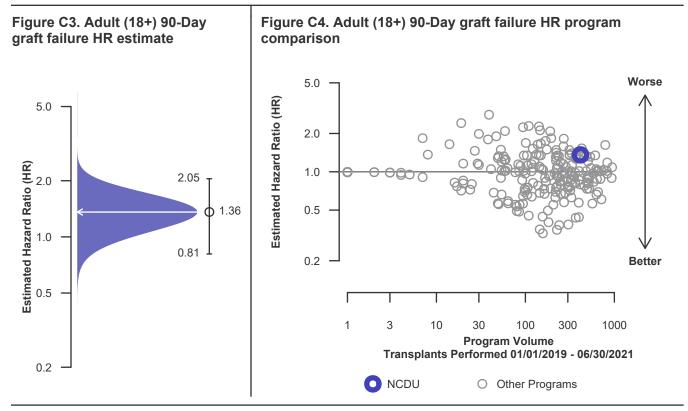
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	416	49,802
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.93%	97.32%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.13%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	16	1,277
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	11.25	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.36	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.81, 2.05]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.81, 2.05], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 36% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 19% reduced risk up to 105% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C6D. Adult (18+) 90-Day survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

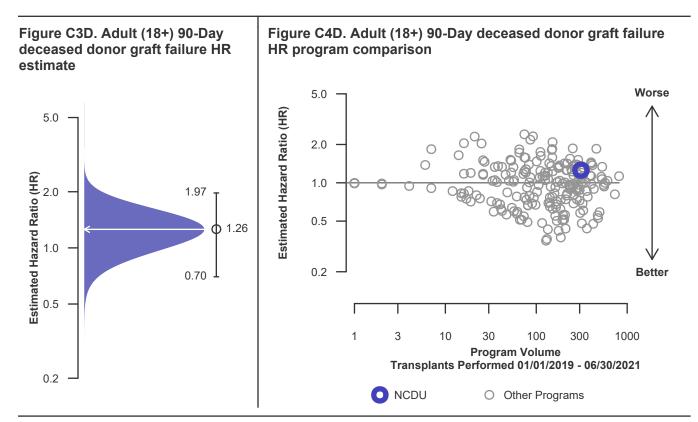
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	310	36,011
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.53%	96.79%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	96.59%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	13	1,106
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	9.93	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.26	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.70, 1.97]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.70, 1.97], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 26% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 30% reduced risk up to 97% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C6L. Adult (18+) 90-Day survival with a functioning living donor graft

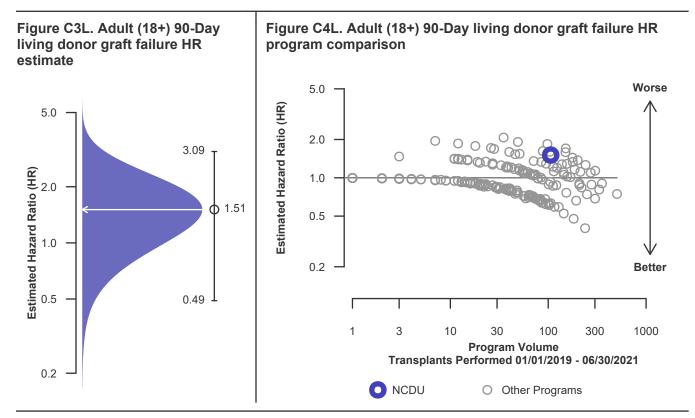
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	106	13,791
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.11%	98.72%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.70%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	3	171
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	1.32	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.51	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.49, 3.09]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.49, 3.09], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 51% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 51% reduced risk up to 209% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C7. Adult (18+) 1-year survival with a functioning graft

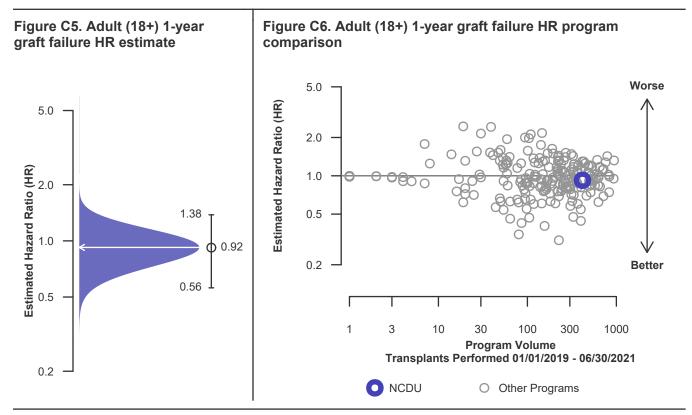
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	416	49,802
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.63%	94.43%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	93.98%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	17	2,127
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	18.60	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.92	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.56, 1.38]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.56, 1.38], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 8% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 44% reduced risk up to 38% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C7D. Adult (18+) 1-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

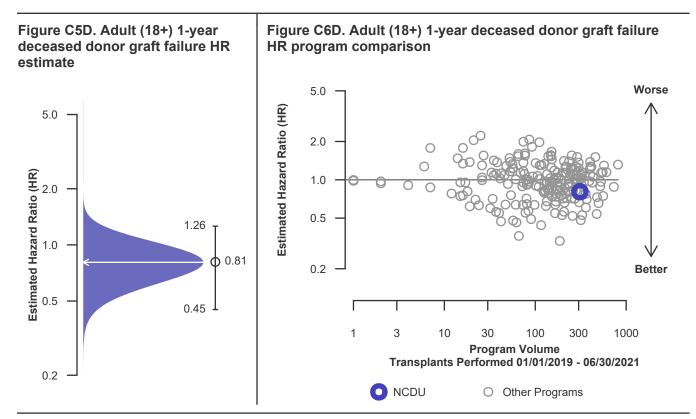
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	310	36,011
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.53%	93.23%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	92.76%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	13	1,862
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	16.61	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.81	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.45, 1.26]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.45, 1.26], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 19% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 55% reduced risk up to 26% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C7L. Adult (18+) 1-year survival with a functioning living donor graft

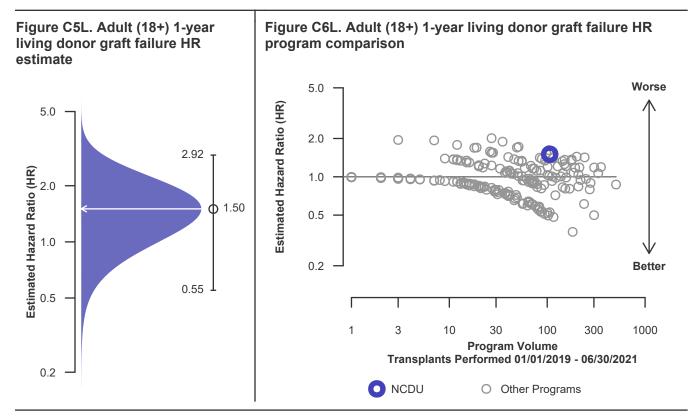
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	106	13,791
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.93%	97.57%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.54%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	4	265
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	1.99	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.50	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.55, 2.92]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.55, 2.92], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 50% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 45% reduced risk up to 192% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C8. Adult (18+) 1-year Conditional survival with a functioning graft

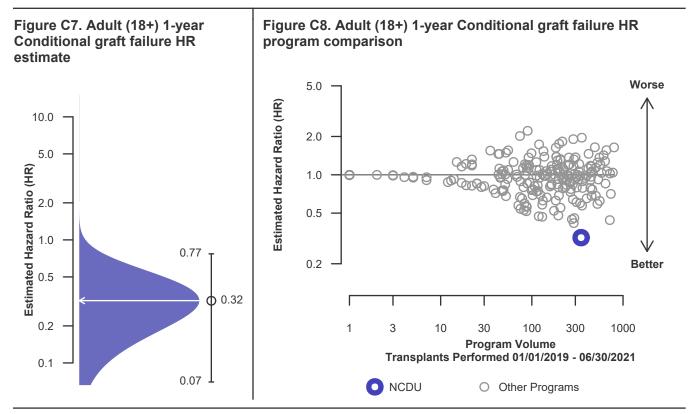
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	347	42,936
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)		97.03%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	96.76%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	1	850
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	7.35	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.32	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.07, 0.77]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.07, 0.77], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 68% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 93% reduced risk up to 23% reduced risk.





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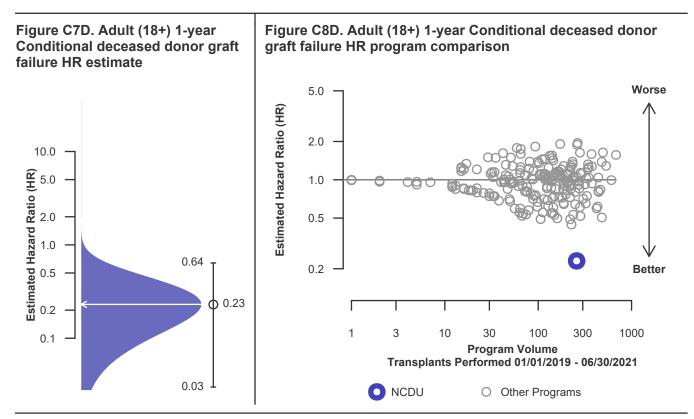
Table C8D. Adult (18+) 1-year Conditional survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	258	30,873
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)		96.32%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	96.04%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	0	756
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	6.67	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.23	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.03, 0.64]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.03, 0.64], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 77% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 97% reduced risk up to 36% reduced risk.





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Table C8L. Adult (18+) 1-year Conditional survival with a functioning living donor graft

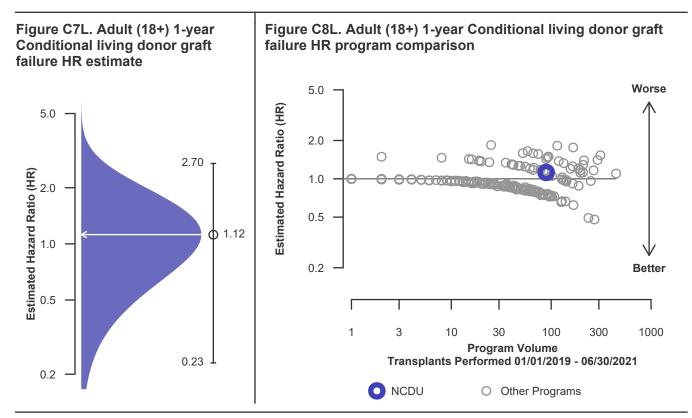
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	89	12,063
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)		98.84%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.82%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	1	94
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	0.68	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.12	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.23, 2.70]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.23, 2.70], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 12% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 77% reduced risk up to 170% increased risk.





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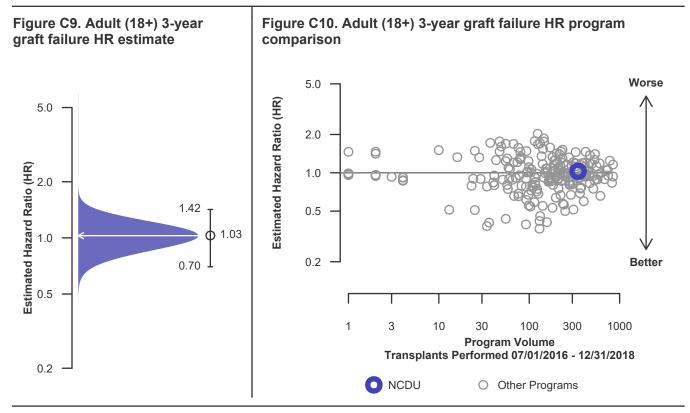
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Table C9. Adult (18+) 3-year survival with a functioning graftSingle organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failuresFollow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	347	46,452
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	90.23%	90.32%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	89.90%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	29	3,627
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	28.17	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.03	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.70, 1.42]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

^{**} The 95% credible interval, [0.70, 1.42], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 3% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 30% reduced risk up to 42% increased risk.





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Table C9D. Adult (18+) 3-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

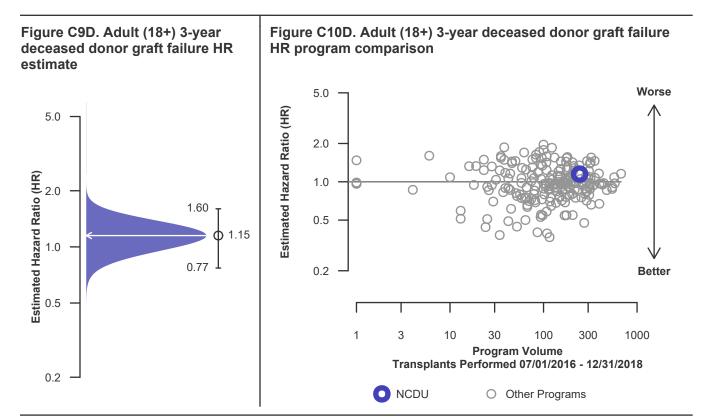
Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	243	31,965
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	87.00%	88.40%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	88.09%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	27	3,036
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	23.22	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.15	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.77, 1.60]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.77, 1.60], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 15% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 23% reduced risk up to 60% increased risk.





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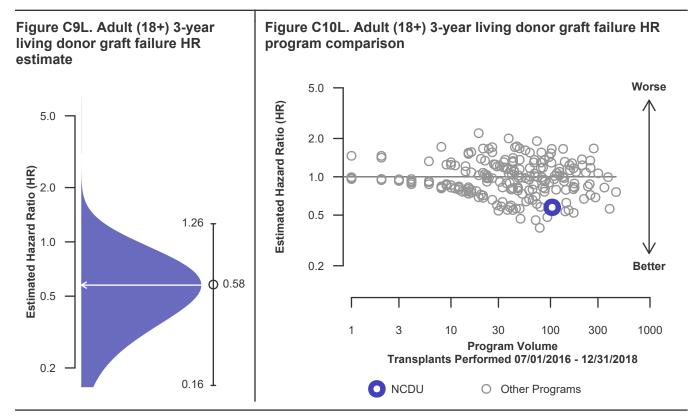
RECIPIENTS

Table C9L. Adult (18+) 3-year survival with a functioning living donor graft Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	104	14,487
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.77%	94.60%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.13%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	2	591
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	4.95	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.58	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.16, 1.26]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.16, 1.26], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 42% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 84% reduced risk up to 26% increased risk.





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Table C10. Pediatric (<18) 1-month survival with a functioning graft

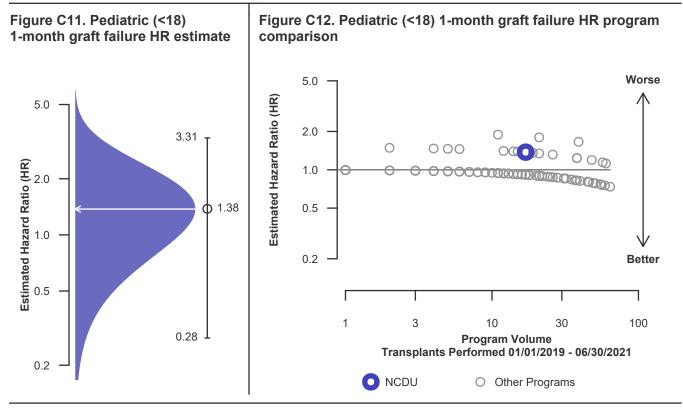
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	17	1,996
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.12%	98.89%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.90%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	1	22
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0.18	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.38	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.28, 3.31]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0. ** The 95% credible interval, [0.28, 3.31], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 38% higher risk

of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 72% reduced risk up to 231% increased risk.





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Table C10D. Pediatric (<18) 1-month survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

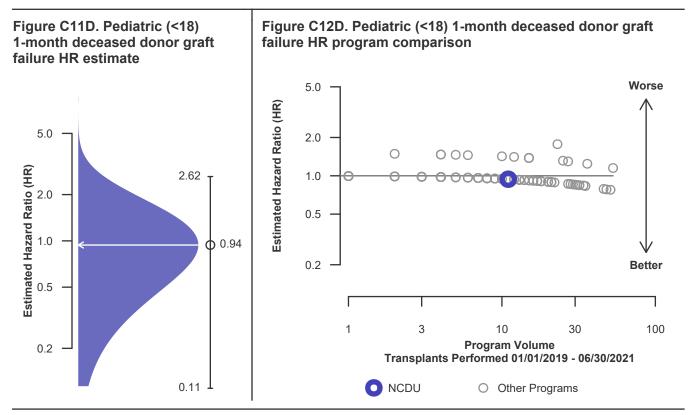
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	11	1,387
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	98.84%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.84%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0	16
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0.13	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.94	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.11, 2.62]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

* The 95% credible interval, [0.11, 2.62], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 6% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 89% reduced risk up to 162% increased risk.





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Table C10L. Pediatric (<18) 1-month survival with a functioning living donor graft

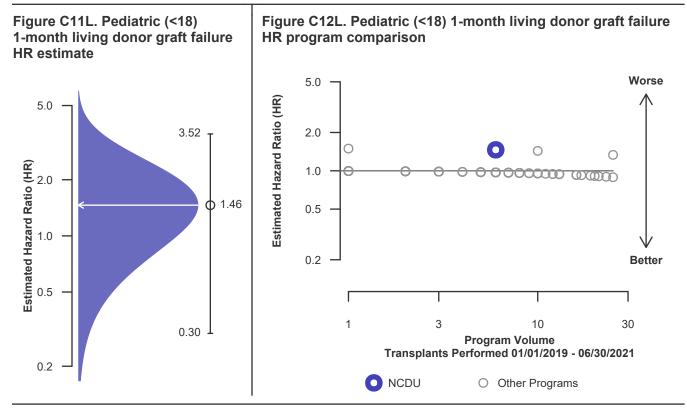
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	609
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	83.33%	99.01%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.01%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	1	6
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0.05	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.46	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.30, 3.52]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.30, 3.52], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 46% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 70% reduced risk up to 252% increased risk.





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Table C11. Pediatric (<18) 90-Day survival with a functioning graft

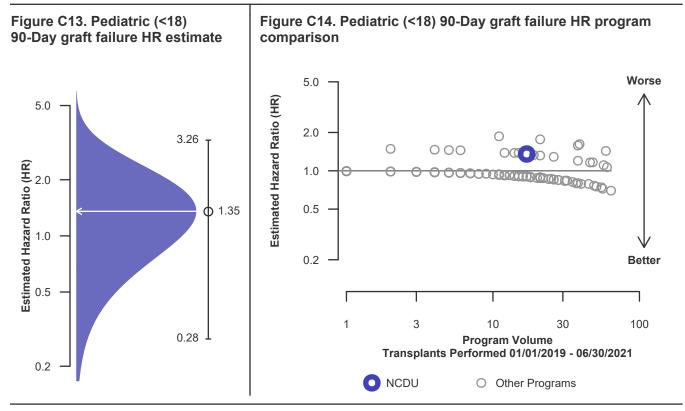
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	17	1,996
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.12%	98.68%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.70%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	1	26
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	0.22	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.35	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.28, 3.26]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.28, 3.26], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 35% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 72% reduced risk up to 226% increased risk.





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Table C11D. Pediatric (<18) 90-Day survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

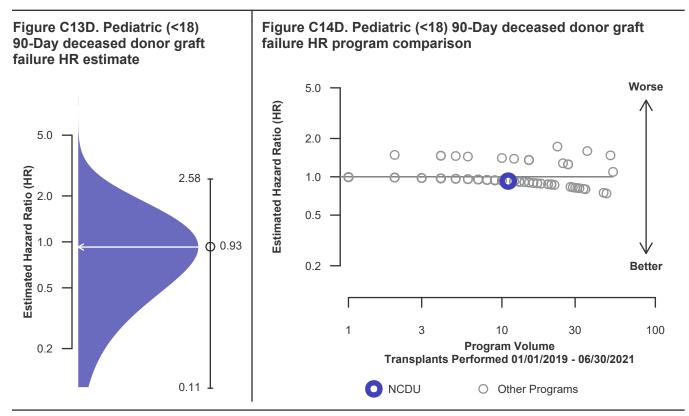
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	11	1,387
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	98.54%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.54%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	0	20
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	0.16	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.93	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.11, 2.58]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.11, 2.58], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 7% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 89% reduced risk up to 158% increased risk.





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Table C11L. Pediatric (<18) 90-Day survival with a functioning living donor graft

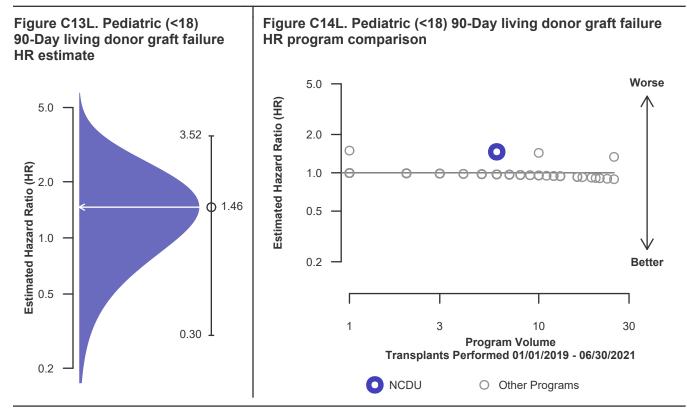
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	609
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	83.33%	99.01%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 90 days (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.01%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	1	6
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 90 days after transplant	0.05	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.46	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.30, 3.52]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.30, 3.52], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 46% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 70% reduced risk up to 252% increased risk.





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Table C12. Pediatric (<18) 1-year survival with a functioning graft

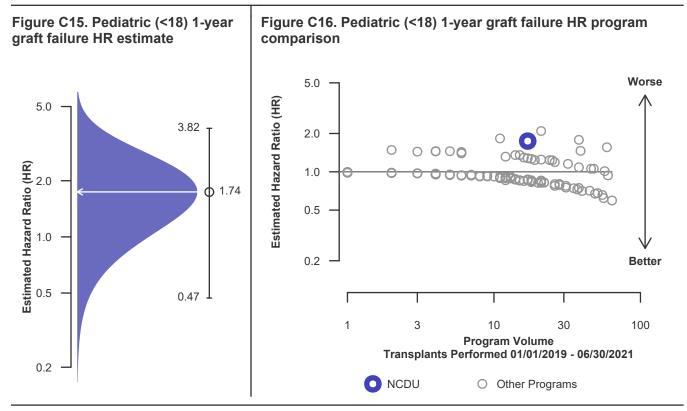
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	17	1,996
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	75.29%	97.31%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.38%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	2	39
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	0.30	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.74	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.47, 3.82]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.47, 3.82], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 74% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 53% reduced risk up to 282% increased risk.





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Table C12D. Pediatric (<18) 1-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft

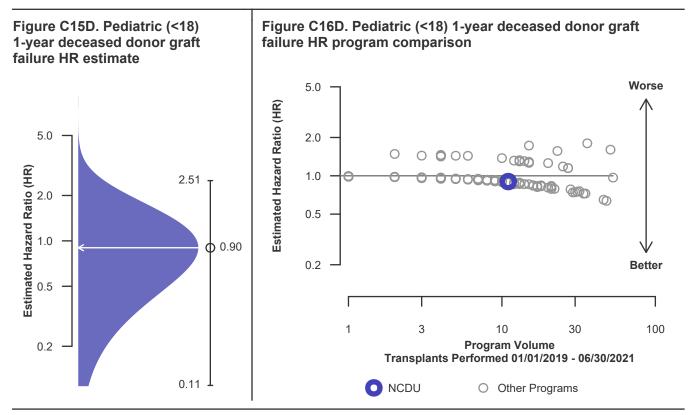
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	11	1,387
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	96.82%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	96.82%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	0	31
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	0.22	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.90	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.11, 2.51]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.11, 2.51], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 10% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 89% reduced risk up to 151% increased risk.





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Table C12L. Pediatric (<18) 1-year survival with a functioning living donor graft

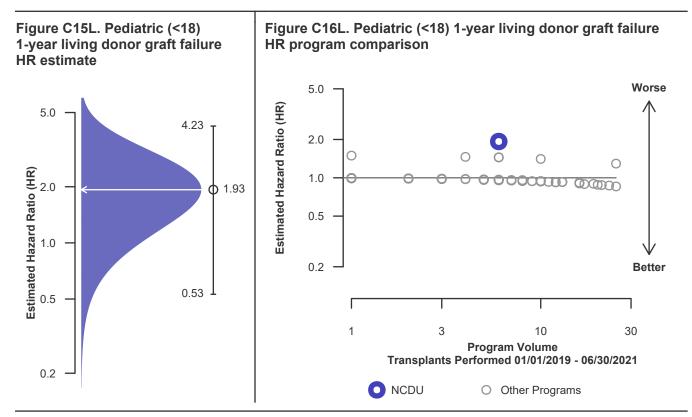
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	609
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	55.56%	98.39%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.40%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	2	8
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	0.07	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.93	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.53, 4.23]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.53, 4.23], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 93% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 47% reduced risk up to 323% increased risk.





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Table C13. Pediatric (<18) 1-year Conditional survival with a functioning graft</th>

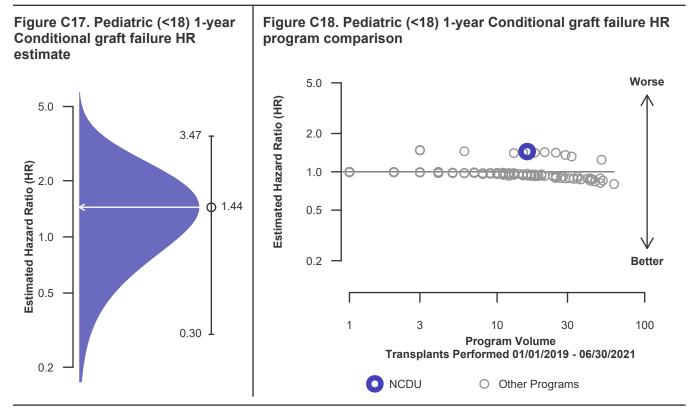
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	16	1,794
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)		98.61%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients with a functioning graft at day 90 (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.66%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	1	13
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) from day 91 through day 365 after transplant	0.08	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.44	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.30, 3.47]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.30, 3.47], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 44% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 70% reduced risk up to 247% increased risk.





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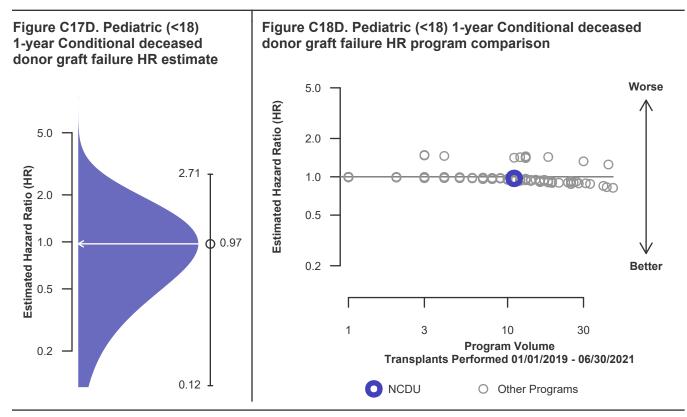
C. Transplant Information

Table C13D. Pediatric (<18) 1-year Conditional survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020 NCDU U.S. Number of transplants evaluated 11 1,246 Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients 100.00% 98.26% with a functioning graft at day 90 (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics) Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients 98.26% with a functioning graft at day 90 (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics) Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) 0 11 from day 91 through day 365 after transplant Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) 0.06 from day 91 through day 365 after transplant Estimated hazard ratio* 0.97 95% credible interval for the hazard ratio** [0.12, 2.71]

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.71], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 3% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 171% increased risk.





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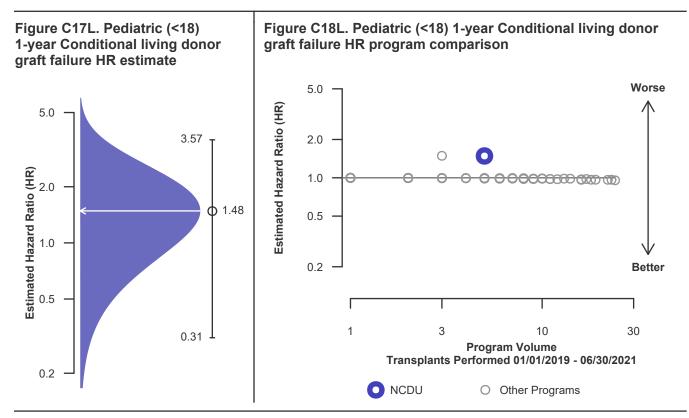
C. Transplant Information

Table C13L. Pediatric (<18) 1-year Conditional survival with a functioning living donor graft</th>Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failuresFollow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

NCDU U.S. Number of transplants evaluated 5 548 Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients 66.67% 99.38% with a functioning graft at day 90 (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics) Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year, among patients 99.38% with a functioning graft at day 90 (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics) Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) 1 2 from day 91 through day 365 after transplant Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) 0.02 from day 91 through day 365 after transplant Estimated hazard ratio* 1.48 95% credible interval for the hazard ratio** [0.31, 3.57]

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.31, 3.57], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 48% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 69% reduced risk up to 257% increased risk.





Center Code: NCDUSRTRTransplant Program (Organ): KidneyFeedbaRelease Date: July 6, 20221.877.9Based on Data Available: April 30, 2022http://w

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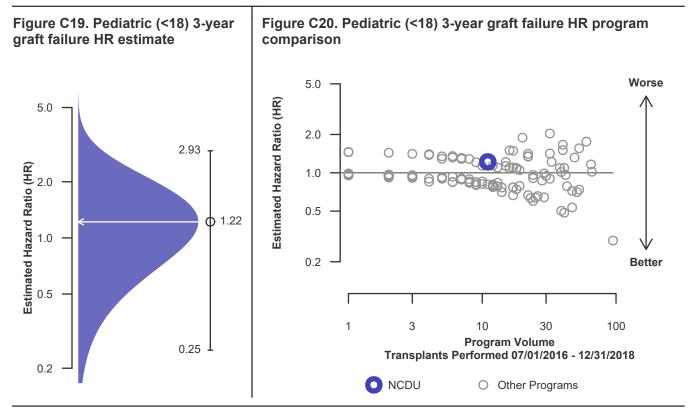
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Table C14. Pediatric (<18) 3-year survival with a functioning graft</th>Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failuresFollow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	11	2,099
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	75.00%	94.60%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.48%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	1	91
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	0.46	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.22	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.25, 2.93]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.25, 2.93], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 22% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 75% reduced risk up to 193% increased risk.





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Table C14D. Pediatric (<18) 3-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft</th>

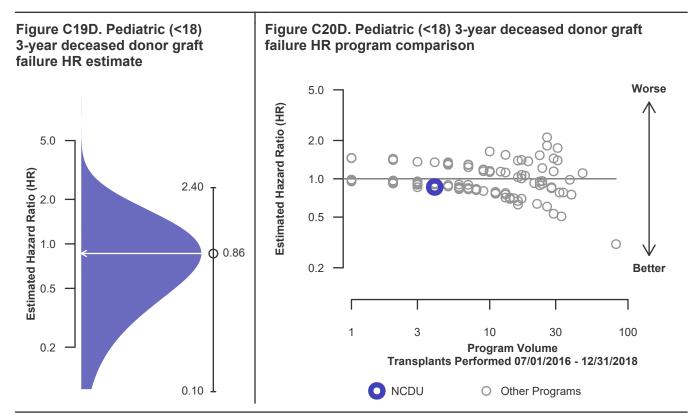
Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	4	1,417
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	93.30%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	92.13%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	0	77
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	0.32	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.86	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.10, 2.40]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.10, 2.40], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 14% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 90% reduced risk up to 140% increased risk.





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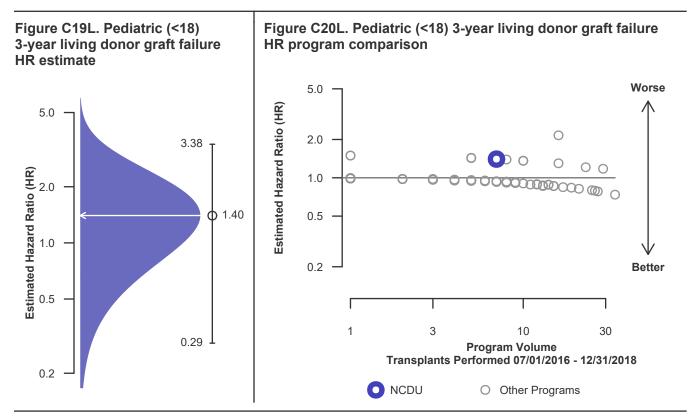
Table C14L. Pediatric (<18) 3-year survival with a functioning living donor graft</th>Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	7	682
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	0.00%	97.39%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.39%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	1	14
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	0.14	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.40	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.29, 3.38]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.29, 3.38], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 40% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 71% reduced risk up to 238% increased risk.





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Table C15. Adult (18+) 1-month patient survival

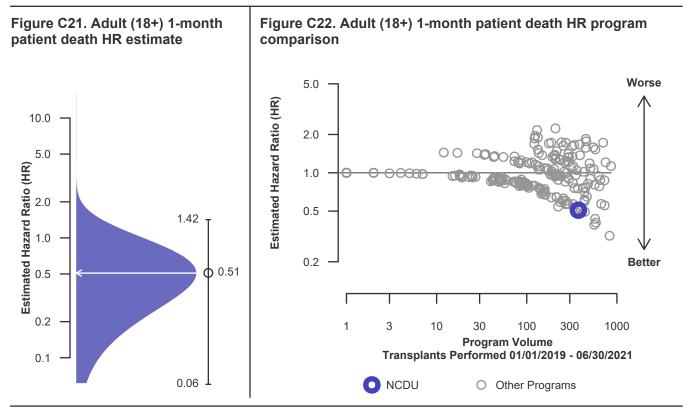
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	374	44,411
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.47%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.48%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	230
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	1.94	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.51	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.06, 1.42]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 55% credible interval, [0.06, 1.42], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 49% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 94% reduced risk up to 42% increased risk.





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Table C15D. Adult (18+) 1-month patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients)

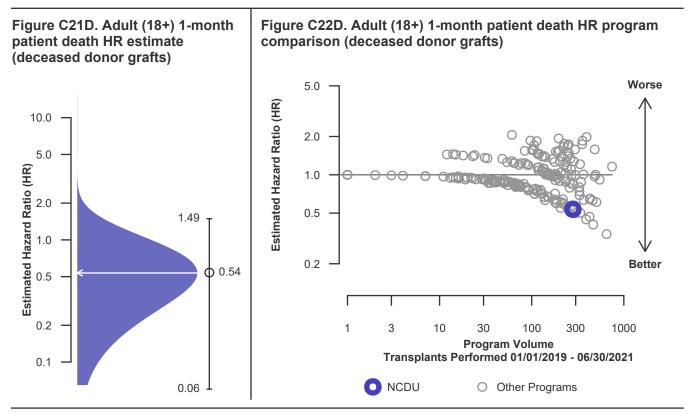
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	280	31,876
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.36%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.38%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	202
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	1.73	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.54	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.06, 1.49]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 55% credible interval, [0.06, 1.49], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 46% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 94% reduced risk up to 49% increased risk.





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Table C15L. Adult (18+) 1-month patient survival (living donor graft recipients)

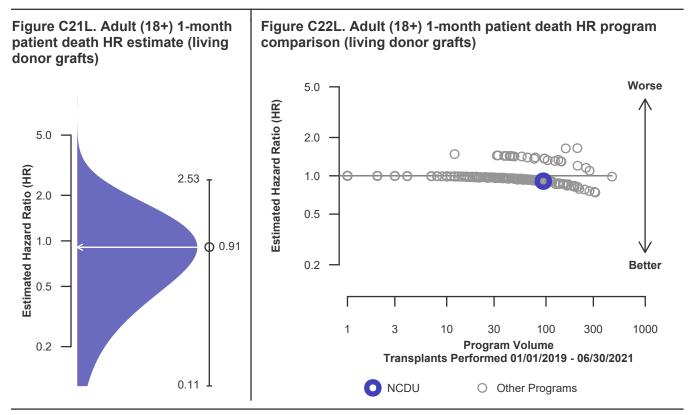
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	94	12,535
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.77%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.78%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	28
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	0.20	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.91	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.11, 2.53]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.11, 2.53], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 9% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 89% reduced risk up to 153% increased risk.





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Table C16. Adult (18+) 1-year patient survival

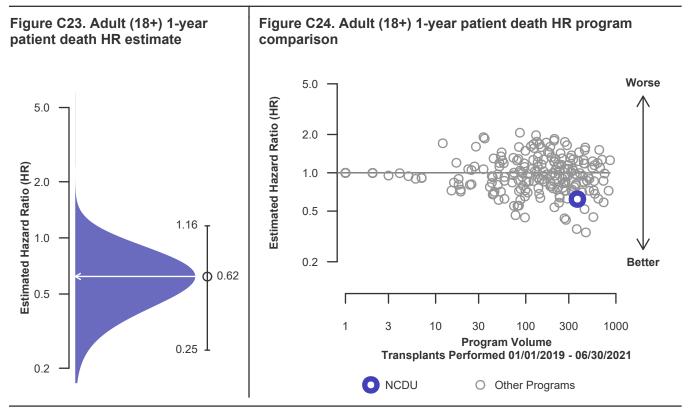
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	374	44,411
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.52%	96.42%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	96.40%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	5	1,118
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	9.27	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.62	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.25, 1.16]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 55% credible interval, [0.25, 1.16], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 38% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 75% reduced risk up to 16% increased risk.





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Table C16D. Adult (18+) 1-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients)

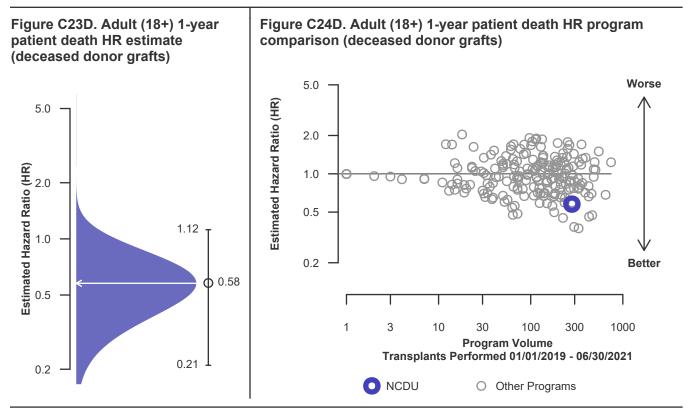
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	280	31,876
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.41%	95.60%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.69%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	4	989
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	8.38	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.58	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.21, 1.12]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.21, 1.12], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 42% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 79% reduced risk up to 12% increased risk.





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Table C16L. Adult (18+) 1-year patient survival (living donor graft recipients)

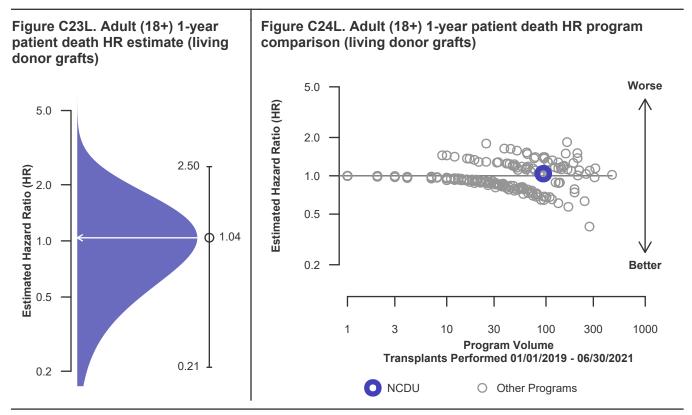
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	94	12,535
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.86%	98.50%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.55%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	1	129
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	0.89	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.04	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.21, 2.50]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.21, 2.50], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 4% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 79% reduced risk up to 150% increased risk.





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Table C17. Adult (18+) 3-year patient survival

Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018

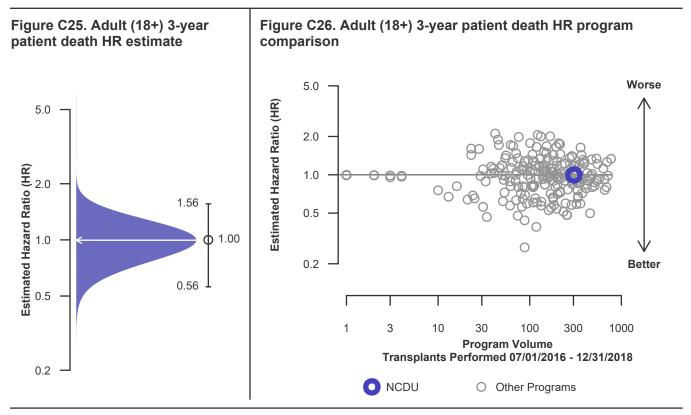
Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	304	40,944
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.14%	94.35%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.69%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	13	1,839
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	13.06	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.00	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.56, 1.56]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.56, 1.56], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 0% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 44% reduced risk up to 56% increased risk.





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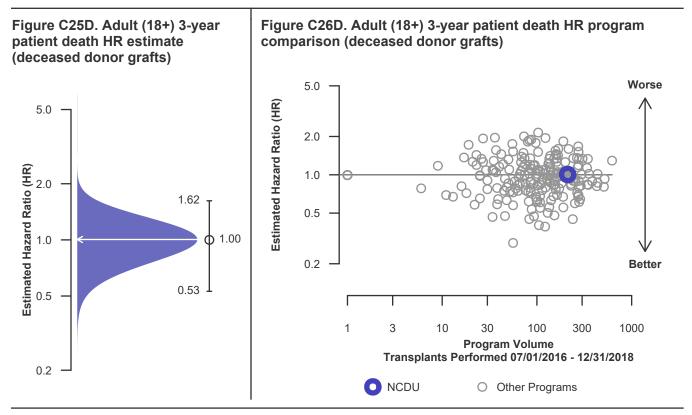
Table C17D. Adult (18+) 3-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	211	27,871
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.09%	93.07%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	93.67%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	11	1,562
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	10.94	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.00	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.53, 1.62]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.53, 1.62], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 0% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 47% reduced risk up to 62% increased risk.





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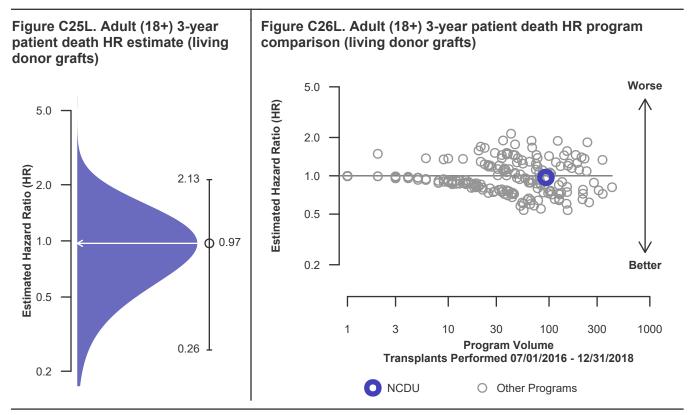
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Table C17L. Adult (18+) 3-year patient survival (living donor graft recipients) Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 **Retransplants excluded** Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	93	13,073
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.49%	97.09%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	97.00%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	2	277
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	2.12	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.97	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.26, 2.13]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.26, 2.13], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 3% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 74% reduced risk up to 113% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C18. Pediatric (<18) 1-month patient survival

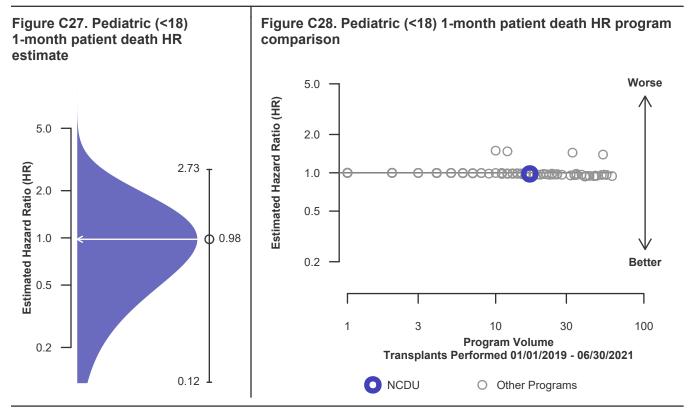
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	17	1,833
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.78%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.76%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	4
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	0.04	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.98	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.73]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.73], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 2% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 173% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C18D. Pediatric (<18) 1-month patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021

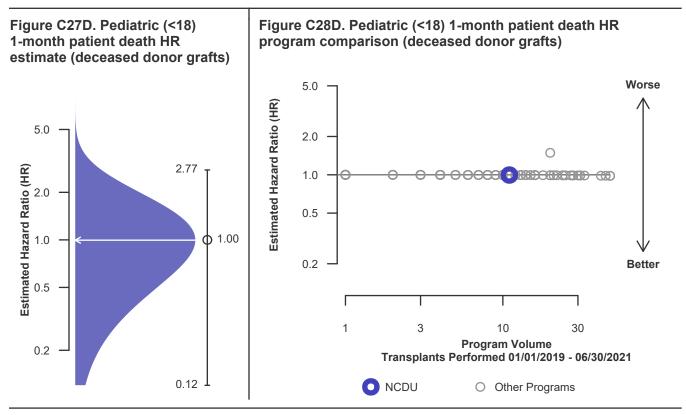
Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	11	1,262
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.92%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.92%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	1
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	0.01	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.00	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.77]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.77], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 0% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 177% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C18L. Pediatric (<18) 1-month patient survival (living donor graft recipients)

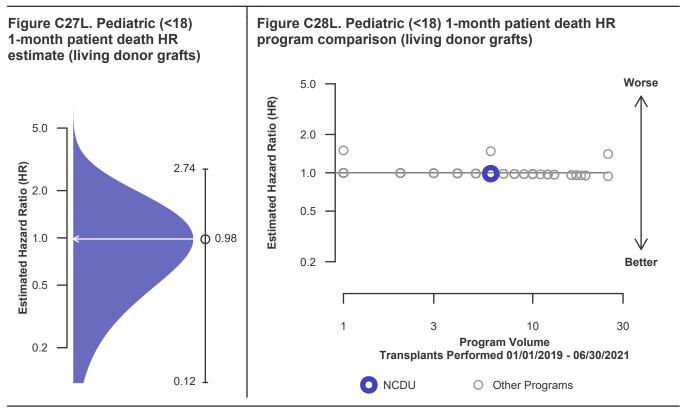
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	571
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.46%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.46%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	3
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	0.03	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.98	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.74]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.74], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 2% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 174% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C19. Pediatric (<18) 1-year patient survival

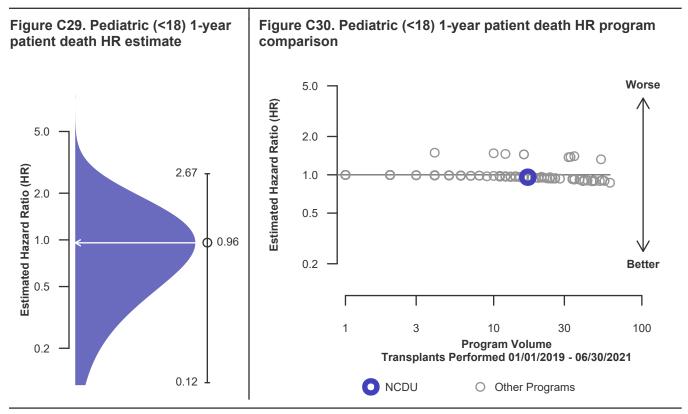
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	17	1,833
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.33%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.33%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	0	9
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	0.09	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.96	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.67]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.67], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 4% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 167% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C19D. Pediatric (<18) 1-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients)</th>

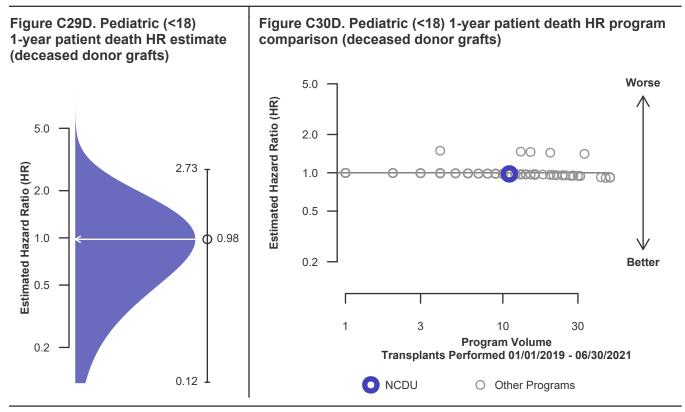
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

· · · · ·	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	11	1,262
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.42%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.42%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	0	5
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	0.04	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.98	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.73]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.73], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 2% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 173% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C19L. Pediatric (<18) 1-year patient survival (living donor graft recipients)

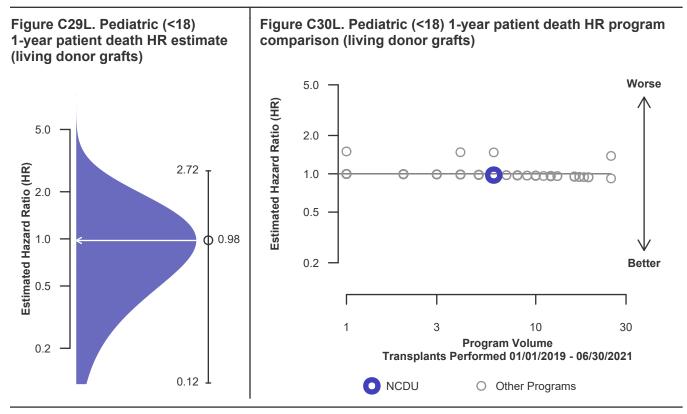
Single organ transplants performed between 01/01/2019 and 03/12/2020, and 06/13/2020 and 06/30/2021 Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	571
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	99.15%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.15%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	0	4
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	0.05	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.98	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.72]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.72], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 2% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 172% increased risk.





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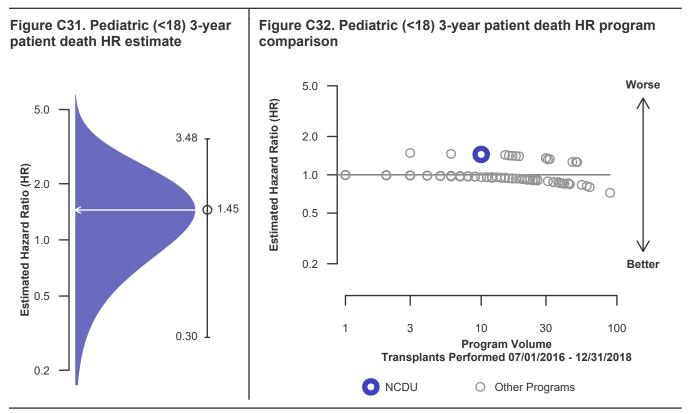
C. Transplant Information

Table C20. Pediatric (<18) 3-year patient survival</th> Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 Retransplants excluded Follow-up ands on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/202	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	10	1,884
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	75.00%	98.95%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.01%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	1	15
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	0.08	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.45	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.30, 3.48]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.30, 3.48], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 45% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 70% reduced risk up to 248% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C20D. Pediatric (<18) 3-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients)</th>

Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018

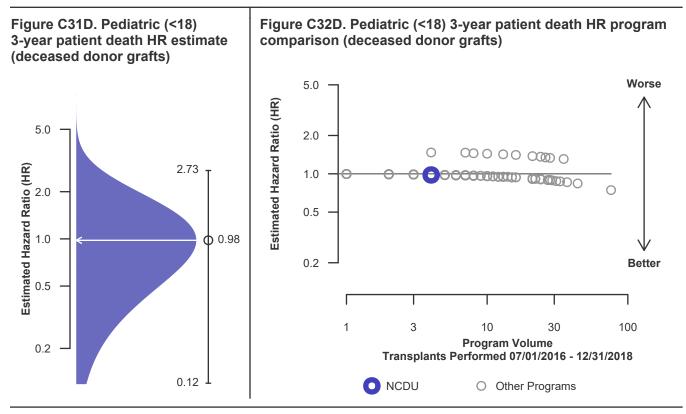
Retransplants excluded

Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	4	1,258
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	98.88%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	98.88%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	0	11
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	0.04	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.98	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.73]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.73], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 2% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 173% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

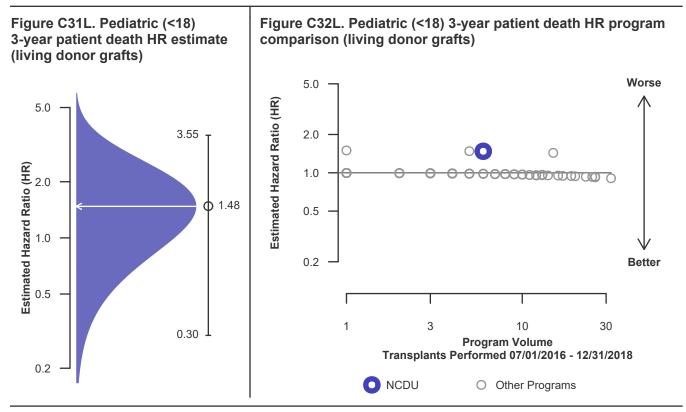
TRANSPLANT

Table C20L. Pediatric (<18) 3-year patient survival (living donor graft recipients) Single organ transplants performed between 07/01/2016 and 12/31/2018 **Retransplants excluded** Follow-up ends on 3/12/2020 for recipients transplanted prior to 3/13/2020

	NCDU	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	626
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	0.00%	99.10%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	99.10%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	1	4
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	0.03	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.48	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.30, 3.55]	

* The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Duke University Hospital's results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If NCDU's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

** The 95% credible interval, [0.30, 3.55], indicates the location of NCDU's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 48% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but NCDU's performance could plausibly range from 70% reduced risk up to 255% increased risk.





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C. Transplant Information

Table C21. Multi-organ transplant graft survival: 01/01/2019 - 06/30/2021

Adult (18+) Transplants	First-Year Outcomes					
Transplant Type	Transplants Performed		Kidney Graft Failures		Estimated Kidney Graft Survival	
	NCDU-TX1	USA	NCDU-TX1	USA	NCDU-TX1	USA
Kidney-Heart	19	675	6	103	67.5%	84.2%
Kidney-Liver	22	1,857	3	215	84.2%	87.9%
Kidney Lung	3	34	1	7	66.7%	77.2%
Kidney-Pancreas	12	2,127	1	93	91.7%	95.3%

Pediatric (<18) Transplants

No pediatric (<18) multi-organ transplants were performed

Table C22. Multi-organ transplant patient survival: 01/01/2019 - 06/30/2021

Adult (18+) Transplants	First-Year Outcomes					
Transplant Type	Transplants Performed		Patient Deaths		Estimated Patient Survival	
	NCDU-TX1	USA	NCDU-TX1	USA	NCDU-TX1	USA
Kidney-Heart	19	675	3	80	84.2%	87.7%
Kidney-Liver	22	1,857	3	171	84.2%	90.2%
Kidney Lung	3	34	1	5	66.7%	82.5%
Kidney-Pancreas	12	2,127	0	68	100.0%	96.5%

Pediatric (<18) Transplants

No pediatric (<18) multi-organ transplants were performed

The data reported here were prepared by the Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR) under contract with the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). See COVID-19 Guide for pandemic-related follow-up limits.



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D. Living Donor Information

Table D1. Living donor summary: 01/01/2019 - 12/31/2021

		This Center			United States		
Living Donor Follow-Up	01/2019- 12/2019	01/2020- 12/2020	01/2021- 06/2021	01/2019- 12/2019	01/2020- 12/2020	01/2021- 06/2021	
Number of Living Donors	56	34	28	6,866	5,234	2,972	
6-Month Follow-Up Donors due for follow-up	38	10	28	4,844	1,417	2,888	
Timely clinical data	37 97.4%	10 100.0%	28 100.0%	4,209 86.9%	1,253 88.4%	2,524 87.4%	
Timely lab data	35 92.1%	9 90.0%	26 92.9%	4,025 83.1%	1,199 84.6%	2,359 81.7%	
12-Month Follow-Up Donors due for follow-up	6	24		1,328	3,813		
Timely clinical data	6 100.0%	24 100.0%		1,074 80.9%	3,171 83.2%		
Timely lab data	6 100.0%	22 91.7%		981 73.9%	2,949 77.3%		
24-Month Follow-Up Donors due for follow-up	46			5,194			
Timely clinical data	45 97.8%			3,986 76.7%			
Timely lab data	41 89.1%			3,576 68.8%			

Follow-up forms due during the COVID-19 amnesty period from 3/13/2020-3/31/2021 are not included in timely clinical and lab data calculations