

Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

## **COVID-19 Guide**

Adjustments to Transplant Program and OPO Evaluation Metrics

The Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR), under contract from the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), is charged with evaluating the performance of the nation's transplant system through publication of semi-annual transplant program-specific reports (PSRs) and organ procurement organization (OPO)-specific reports (OSRs). These reports contain performance metrics covering various time periods. For OPOs, these metrics include eligible death conversion rates and deceased donor organ yield. For transplant programs, they include pre-transplant mortality rates (formerly called waitlist mortality rates), transplant rates, organ offer acceptance rates, patient mortality after listing, and 1-month, 1-year, and 3-year posttransplant outcomes including graft survival and patient survival.

In response to the current global pandemic, SRTR modified the evaluation metrics for transplant programs and OPOs for the reports released in January 2021. The reports released in January 2021 made adjustments to transplant program and OPO performance metrics so that data beyond the declaration of a national public health emergency on March 13, 2020, were not included in the metrics.

The SRTR Review Committee (SRC) reviewed the metrics at its meetings on January 20, 2021, and February 9, 2021, with the goal of determining whether continued adjustments are necessary, or if the SRTR should resume regular reporting of transplant program and OPO performance metrics. The committee reviewed data on how the pandemic has affected the nation's transplant system, and the extent to which the effects varied geographically and temporally. The committee made the following recommendations to SRTR. These recommendations were reviewed by the Health Resources and Services Administration's (HRSA's) Division of Transplantation, which oversees the SRTR. HRSA approved of these recommendations which the SRTR will implement for the July 2021 reporting cycle:

Posttransplant Outcomes (including 1-month, 1-year, and 3-year graft and patient survival): Evaluations cohorts will continue to exclude transplants and follow-up time beyond March 12, 2020.

1-month & 1-year Patient and Graft Survival Evaluations: Transplants 1/1/2018-3/12/2020; follow-up through 3/12/2020.

3-year Patient and Graft Survival Evaluations: Transplants 1/1/2015-12/31/2017; follow-up through 3/12/2020.

Pre-Transplant Mortality Rate (formerly called Waitlist Mortality Rate): Evaluation cohorts will be modified on an organ-specific basis:

Kidney and Lung: Candidates on the waitlist 1/1/2019-3/12/2020.

Liver, Heart, Pancreas, and Intestine: Candidates on the waitlist 1/1/2019-12/31/2020.

Transplant Rate: The first quarter following declaration of a national emergency will be excluded from the transplant rate evaluations for all organ types.

Candidates on the waitlist 1/1/2019-3/12/2020 and 6/13/2020-12/31/2020.



Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine Release Date: July 6, 2021

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SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

## COVID-19 Guide

Overall Rate of Mortality After Listing: Patient follow-up will continue to be truncated on 3/12/2020:

Evaluation period: 1/1/2019-3/12/2020.

Offer Acceptance Rate: These evaluations will return to normal reporting cohorts.

Offers received 1/1/2020-12/31/2020.

These decisions will apply to the evaluations released in the SRTR's semi-annual program-specific reports scheduled for release on July 6, 2021. These changes have been communicated to the leadership of the Organ Procurement and Transplantation Network's Membership and Professional Standards Committee (MSPC). These decisions will then be re-evaluated as more information becomes available in preparation for the release scheduled for January 2022.

As with the January 2021 reports, SRTR will continue to report descriptive data beyond March 12, 2020, e.g., waitlist counts, transplant counts, recipient characteristics, donor counts, donor characteristics, etc., but will alter data for performance evaluation metrics as described above.



Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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## **User Guide**

This report contains a wide range of useful information about the intestine transplant program at Indiana University Health (INIM). The report has three main sections:

- A. Program Summary
- B. Waiting List Information
- C. Transplant Information

The Program Summary is a one-page summary highlighting characteristics of the program, including the number of candidates on the waiting list, the number of transplants performed at the program, the number of patients being cared for by the program, and patient outcomes, including outcomes while on the waiting list (the transplant rate and the death rate while on the waiting list) and outcomes after transplant (patient and graft survival probabilities). If the program performed transplants in both adults and children, survival probabilities for adults and children (pediatrics) are provided separately. For each of the outcomes measures presented, a comparison is provided showing what would be expected at this program if it were performing as similar programs around the country perform when treating similar patients. More details regarding these outcome measures are provided in Sections B and C of the report.

The Waiting List Information section contains more detailed information on how many candidates are on the waiting list at the program, the types of candidates on the waiting list, how long candidates typically have to wait for a transplant at this program, how frequently candidates successfully receive a transplant, and how often candidates on the waiting list die before receiving a transplant.

Table B1 shows the activity on this program's waiting list during two recent 1-year periods and provides comparisons to all programs within this program's OPTN region (see http://optn.transplant.hrsa.gov/members/regions.asp for information on OPTN regions) and the nation as a whole. Tables B2 and B3 describe the candidates on the waiting list at this program, with comparisons to candidates waiting in the same donor service area (OPO/DSA) the OPTN region, and the nation as a whole.

Table B4 shows how many candidates were removed from the waiting list because they received a transplant. The program's transplant rate is calculated as the number of candidates who received a transplant divided by the person-years observed at the program (person-years is a combination of how many candidates were on the waiting list along with how long each candidate was followed since some candidates are not on the waiting list for the entire year). The transplant rate and comparisons to what would be expected at this program are presented in Figures B1 and B2. Figure B1 shows the transplant rate compared to what was expected at this program. The expected transplant rate is an estimate of what we would expect at this program if it were performing transplants at rates similar to other programs in the US with similar candidates on their waiting lists. The expected rate is only an estimate, and is made with a certain level of uncertainty. This uncertainty is shown in Figure B2. Figure B2 displays the ratio of the observed to the expected transplant rate. A ratio of 1 indicates that the observed transplant rate was equal to the expected transplant rate, while a ratio less than 1 indicates the observed rate was lower than expected rate and a ratio greater than 1 indicates the observed rate was higher than the expected rate. However, the level of uncertainty must be considered when interpreting these numbers. The 95% interval is also shown on Figure B2. This interval provides a range within which the true ratio of observed to expected transplant rates is likely to be. If this



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SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

## **User Guide**

confidence interval includes (crosses) 1.0, then we cannot say that this program's observed transplant rate is different from what would be expected. The observed deceased donor transplant rate at this program was 70.5 per 100 person-years. Transplant rates are also provided for adult and pediatric patients separately along with comparisons to adult and pediatric rates in the DSA, the OPTN region, and the nation. Please refer to the PSR Technical Methods documentation available at http://www.srtr.org for more detail regarding how expected rates are calculated.

The pre-transplant mortality rate (previously called the waiting list mortality rate) for candidates on the waiting list is presented in Table B5 and Figures B4-B6. These data are presented in the same way as the transplant rate data in the previous section. The intent of this table and figures is to describe risk of death once candidates are listed rather than while they are listed, but before they are transplanted. Therefore, time at risk and deaths after removal from the waiting list for reasons other than transplant, transfer to another transplant program, or recovery (no longer needing a transplant), and before any subsequent transplant, are included. As with transplant rates, mortality rates should be interpreted carefully taking into consideration the interval displayed in Figure B5. For a complete description of how observed and expected mortality rates are calculated, please refer to the technical documentation available at http://www.srtr.org.

Survival from listing is presented in Table B6 and Figures B7-B9. These data are presented in the same way as the pre-transplant mortality rate data in the previous section. The intent of this table and figures is to describe risk of death once candidates are listed rather than while they are listed, including after a transplant. As with transplant rates, mortality rates should be interpreted carefully taking into consideration the interval displayed in Figure B8. For a complete description of how observed and expected mortality rates are calculated, please refer to the technical documentation available at http://www.srtr.org.

Table B7 presents information on what happens to candidates on the waiting list by three different time points after listing: 6 months, 12 months, and 18 months. The table displays percentages of candidates who have died, been removed from the waiting list, been transplanted, or been transferred or lost-to-follow-up. Tables B8 and B9 provide more detail regarding how many candidates have received a deceased donor transplant by certain time points during the first 3 years after being put on the transplant waiting list. Each row of Tables B8 and B9 presents the percent of candidates who received a deceased donor transplant by each time point. Table B10 presents data on the time it took for different percentages of patients to be transplanted for candidates added to the list between 01/01/2015 and 06/30/2020. The time it took for 5% (the 5th percentile) of patients to receive a transplant at this program was 0.1 months. If "Not Observed" is displayed in the table, then too few candidates received transplants before 12/31/2020 to calculate a particular percentile of transplant times.

The Transplant Information section begins with descriptions of transplant recipients in Tables C1 and C2. Data on recipients of deceased donor transplants are presented (Tables C1D and C2D); if applicable, data on recipients of living donor transplants are presented separately (Tables C1L and C2L). Comparisons to the region and the nation as a whole are provided. A description of the deceased donors used at this program is provided in Table C3D, along with characteristics of living donors in Table C3L, if applicable. Finally, information on the transplant procedure for deceased and living donor transplants is presented in Tables C4D and C4L, respectively.



Center Code: INIM
Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

## **User Guide**

Starting with Table C5, transplant outcomes are presented along with comparisons to what would be expected at this program and what happened in the nation as a whole. Tables C5-C10 present information on graft survival (survival of the transplanted organ), with data presented separately for adult and pediatric recipients. Patients are followed from the time of transplant until either failure of the transplanted organ or death, whichever comes first. Please refer to the technical methods for more information on these calculations (http://www.srtr.org).

While Tables C5-C10 present data on graft survival, Tables C11-C16 present information on patient survival. For these tables, patients are followed from the time of transplant until death, regardless of whether the transplant is functioning or the patient required another transplant to survive.

Tables C17 and C18 summarize the multiorgan transplant outcomes at this program. The summary statistics in these tables are descriptive and are not risk-adjusted for different donor and candidate characteristics.

Additional information regarding the technical methods and the risk adjustment models used to estimate expected event rates is available on the SRTR website at http://www.srtr.org. We welcome and encourage feedback on these reports. Please feel free to share feedback with the SRTR at the following e-mail: srtr@srtr.org.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

# **Table of Contents**

Section	Page
COVID-19 Guide	i
User Guide	iii
A. Program Summary	
Program Summary	1
B. Waiting List Information	
Waiting list activity	2
Demographic characteristics of waiting list candidates	3
Medical characteristics of waiting list candidates	4
Deceased donor transplant rates	5
Pre-transplant mortality rates (formerly called Waiting list mortality rates)	6
Patient survival from listing	7
Waiting list candidate status after listing	8
Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: demographic characteristi	cs 9
Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: medical characteristics	10
Time to transplant for waiting list candidates	11
C. Transplant Information	
Deceased donor transplant recipient demographic characteristics	12
Deceased donor transplant recipient medical characteristics	13
Deceased donor characteristics	14
Deceased donor transplant characteristics	15
Deceased donor graft survival	16
Deceased donor patient survival	22
Multi-organ transplant graft survival	28
Multi-organ transplant patient survival	28



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

# **A. Program Summary**

Figure A1. Waiting list and transplant activity

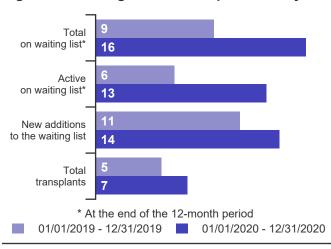


Table A1. Census of transplant recipients

Recipients	01/01/2019- 12/31/2019	01/01/2020- 12/31/2020
Transplanted at this center	5	7
Followed by this center*	87	86
transplanted at this program	n 86	85
transplanted elsewhere	1	1

<sup>\*</sup> Recipients followed are transplant recipients for whom the center has submitted a post-transplant follow-up form for a transplant that took place before the 12-month interval for each column.

Figure A2. Transplant rates 01/01/2019 - 03/12/2020, 06/13/2020 - 12/31/2020

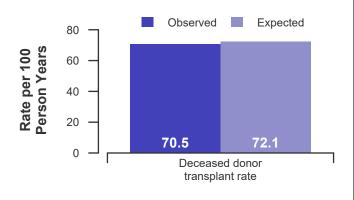


Figure A3. Pre-transplant mortality rates 01/01/2019 - 12/31/2020

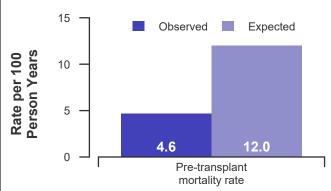


Figure A4. First-year adult graft and patient survival: 01/01/2018 - 03/12/2020

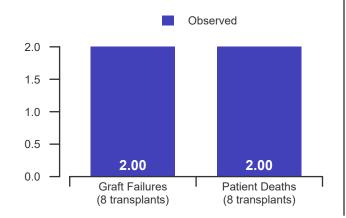
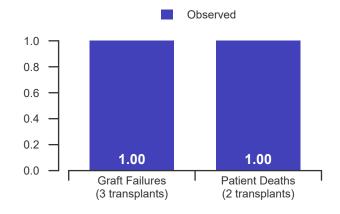


Figure A5. First-year pediatric graft and patient survival: 01/01/2018 - 03/12/2020





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

Table B1. Waiting list activity summary: 01/01/2019 - 12/31/2020

		its for center	Activity for 01/01/2020 to 12/31/2020 as percent of registrants on waiting lis on 01/01/2020			
Waiting List Registrations	01/01/2019- 12/31/2019	01/01/2020- 12/31/2020	This Center (%)	OPTN Region (%)	U.S. (%)	
On waiting list at start Additions	5	9	100.0	100.0	100.0	
New listings at this center	11	14	155.6	87.9	64.2	
Removals						
Transferred to another center	0	0	0.0	3.0	0.4	
Received living donor transplant*	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Received deceased donor transplant*	5	7	77.8	60.6	40.3	
Died	0	0	0.0	6.1	4.4	
Transplanted at another center	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.4	
Deteriorated	1	0	0.0	0.0	2.7	
Recovered	1	0	0.0	3.0	11.1	
Other reasons	0	0	0.0	3.0	7.1	
On waiting list at end of period	9	16	177.8	112.1	97.8	

<sup>\*</sup> These patients were removed from waiting list with removal code indicating transplant; this may not equal the number of transplants performed at this center during the specified period.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

Table B2. Demographic characteristics of waiting list candidates
Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2020 and 12/31/2020

Domographia Characteristic		ting List Regis 020 to 12/31/20		All Waiting List Registrations on 12/31/2020 (%)			
Demographic Characteristic	This Center (N=14)	OPTN Region (N=29)	U.S. (N=145)	This Center (N=16)	OPTN Region (N=37)	U.S. (N=221)	
All (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Ethnicity/Race (%)*							
White	85.7	65.5	60.0	87.5	78.4	57.5	
African-American	0.0	20.7	22.8	6.2	18.9	19.5	
Hispanic/Latino	14.3	10.3	13.8	6.2	2.7	18.1	
Asian	0.0	3.4	2.1	0.0	0.0	3.6	
Other	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Age (%)							
<2 years	0.0	10.3	10.3	0.0	5.4	25.8	
2-11 years	7.1	10.3	20.7	6.2	21.6	28.1	
12-17 years	0.0	3.4	6.2	0.0	2.7	5.9	
18-34 years	35.7	24.1	22.1	25.0	27.0	15.8	
35-49 years	42.9	37.9	24.1	43.8	29.7	16.3	
50-64 years	14.3	13.8	14.5	25.0	13.5	7.7	
65-69 years	0.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	
70+ years	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Gender (%)							
Male	28.6	44.8	53.1	31.2	37.8	50.2	
Female	71.4	55.2	46.9	68.8	62.2	49.8	

<sup>\*</sup> Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

Table B3. Medical characteristics of waiting list candidates
Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2020 and 12/31/2020

Medical Characteristic		ting List Regis 020 to 12/31/20		All Waiting List Registrations on 12/31/2020 (%)		
medical Characteristic	This Center (N=14)	OPTN Region (N=29)	U.S. (N=145)	This Center (N=16)	OPTN Region (N=37)	U.S. (N=221)
All (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blood Type (%)						
Ο	57.1	55.2	49.0	62.5	54.1	53.4
A	35.7	27.6	33.1	31.2	29.7	32.6
В	7.1	17.2	13.1	6.2	16.2	11.3
AB	0.0	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	2.7
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Previous Transplant (%)						
Yes	28.6	17.2	21.4	31.2	18.9	16.3
No	71.4	82.8	78.6	68.8	81.1	83.7
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Primary Disease (%)*						
Short Gut Syndrome	50.0	51.7	56.6	37.5	48.6	57.5
Functional Bowel Problem	21.4	13.8	11.7	18.8	13.5	18.1
Other	28.6	34.5	30.3	43.8	37.8	24.4
Missing*	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0

<sup>\*</sup> When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

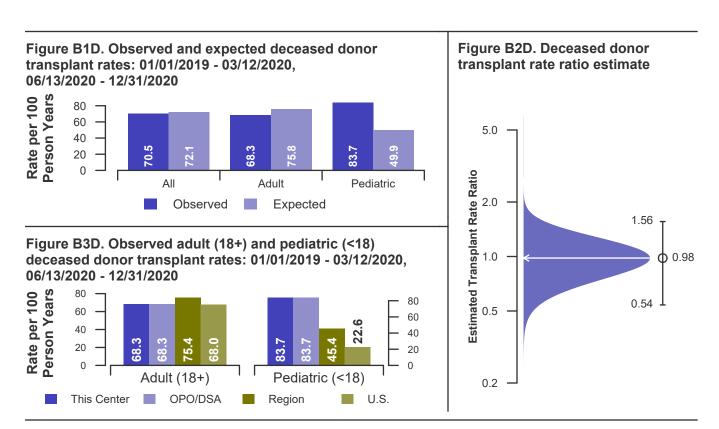
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Table B4D. Deceased donor transplant rates: 01/01/2019 - 03/12/2020, 06/13/2020 - 12/31/2020

Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	5	5	33	246
Person Years**	17.0	17.0	60.5	408.8
Removals for Transplant	12	12	39	155
Adult (18+) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	4	4	19	82
Person Years**	14.6	14.6	38.5	138.3
Removals for transpant	10	10	29	94
Pediatric (<18) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	1	1	14	164
Person Years**	2.4	2.4	22.0	270.5
Removals for transplant	2	2	10	61

<sup>\*</sup> Counts in this table may be lower than similar counts in other waiting list tables, such as Table B1. A small percentage (~1%) of patients are found to have died or been transplanted before being removed from the waiting list, so these patients are excluded if the event occurs prior to the start of the study period. Inactive time on the waiting list is included in the calculations for this table.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, removal from the waiting list or December 31.





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

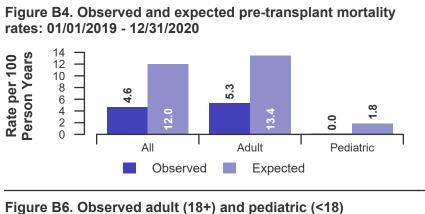
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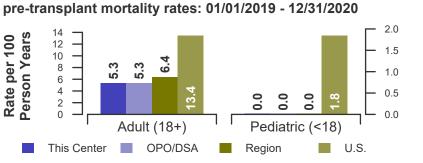
Table B5. Pre-transplant mortality rates: 01/01/2019 - 12/31/2020

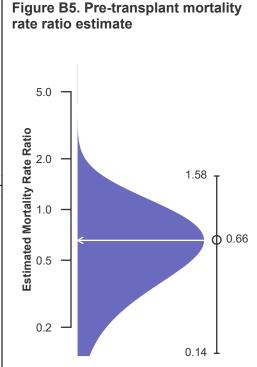
Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	5	5	33	246
Person Years**	21.5	21.5	74.9	497.9
Number of deaths	1	1	3	29
Adult (18+) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	4	4	19	82
Person Years**	18.8	18.8	47.1	171.5
Number of deaths	1	1	3	23
Pediatric (<18) Candidates				
Count on waiting list at start*	1	1	14	164
Person Years**	2.7	2.7	27.8	326.4
Number of deaths	0	0	0	6

<sup>\*</sup> Counts in this table may be lower than similar counts in other waiting list tables, such as Table B1. A small percentage (~1%) of patients are found to have died or been transplanted before being removed from the waiting list, so these patients are excluded if the event occurs prior to the start of the study period. Inactive time on the waiting list is included in the calculations for this table.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Person years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from January 1 or from the date of first wait listing until death, transplant, 60 days after recovery, transfer or December 31.









Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

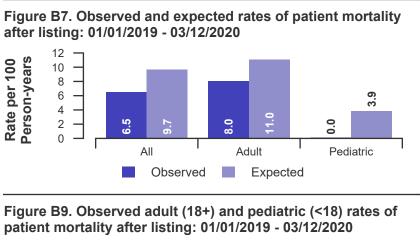
SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

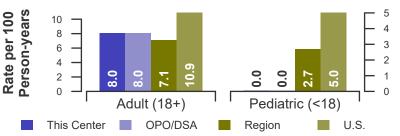
# **B. Waiting List Information**

Table B6. Rates of patient mortality after listing: 01/01/2019 - 03/12/2020

Waiting List Registrations	This Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.
All Patients				
Count at risk during the evaluation period	66	66	169	755
Person-years*	61.4	61.4	163.4	696.6
Number of Deaths	4	4	10	57
Adult (18+) Patients				
Count at risk during the evaluation period	55	55	132	413
Person-years*	49.8	49.8	126.4	376.8
Number of Deaths	4	4	9	41
Pediatric (<18) Patients				
Count at risk during the evaluation period	11	11	37	342
Person-years*	11.7	11.7	37.0	319.8
Number of Deaths	0	0	1	16

<sup>\*</sup> Person-years are calculated as days (converted to fractional years). The number of days from 01/01/2019, or from the date of first wait listing until death, reaching 5 years after listing or March 12, 2020.





mortality after listing

5.0

1.47

0.76

0.28

Figure B8. HR estimate of patient

<sup>\*\*</sup> Patient mortality after listing describes the relative survival experience of patients after listing. It depends on many factors, some of which are outside of the control of the transplant program. For example, availability of organs may not be the same in every part of the country.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

Table B7. Waiting list candidate status after listing Candidates registered on waiting list between 07/01/2018 and 06/30/2019

	This	Center (I	N=8)	U.S. (N=126) Months Since Listing			
Waiting list status (survival status)	Month	ns Since L	isting.				
	6	12	18	6	12	18	
Alive on waiting list (%)	50.0	37.5	37.5	49.2	31.7	26.2	
Died on the waiting list without transplant (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	7.9	7.9	
Removed without transplant (%):							
Condition worsened (status unknown)	12.5	12.5	12.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Condition improved (status unknown)	12.5	12.5	12.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	
Refused transplant (status unknown)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Other	12.5	12.5	12.5	2.4	3.2	3.2	
Transplant (living or deceased donor) (%):							
Functioning (alive)	12.5	25.0	12.5	31.7	42.1	31.0	
Failed-Retransplanted (alive)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Failed-alive not retransplanted	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Died	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	10.3	16.7	
Status Yet Unknown*	0.0	0.0	12.5	1.6	2.4	11.9	
Lost or Transferred (status unknown) (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	
TOTAL (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Total % known died on waiting list or after transplant	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.7	18.3	24.6	
Total % known died or removed as unstable	12.5	12.5	12.5	14.3	19.8	26.2	
Total % removed for transplant	12.5	25.0	25.0	38.9	54.8	59.5	
Total % with known functioning transplant (alive)	12.5	25.0	12.5	31.7	42.1	31.0	

<sup>\*</sup> Follow-up form covering specified time period not yet completed, and possibly has not become due.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **B. Waiting List Information**

Table B8. Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: demographic characteristics Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2015 and 12/31/2017

	Percent transplanted at time periods since listing									
Characteristic			nis Cent					ited Sta		
	N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years	N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years
All	59	22.0	59.3	64.4	64.4	561	16.6	57.0	63.3	65.6
Ethnicity/Race*										
White	50	24.0	58.0	62.0	62.0	358	18.4	59.5	66.2	68.2
African-American	6	0.0	66.7	83.3	83.3	98	10.2	57.1	62.2	64.3
Hispanic/Latino	2	50.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	82	15.9	50.0	56.1	59.8
Asian	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16	25.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Other	0					7	0.0	28.6	42.9	57.1
Unknown	0					0				
Age										
<2 years	5	0.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	92	12.0	42.4	47.8	51.1
2-11 years	7	0.0	42.9	85.7	85.7	122	11.5	54.1	61.5	61.5
12-17 years	0					29	6.9	44.8	58.6	65.5
18-34 years	13	23.1	76.9	76.9	76.9	113	19.5	64.6	70.8	74.3
35-49 years	16	12.5	62.5	62.5	62.5	103	22.3	66.0	68.9	71.8
50-64 years	17	47.1	52.9	52.9	52.9	94	21.3	59.6	67.0	68.1
65-69 years	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8	12.5	62.5	62.5	62.5
70+ years	0					0				
Gender										
Male	23	13.0	56.5	60.9	60.9	297	14.5	58.6	65.3	67.0
Female	36	27.8	61.1	66.7	66.7	264	18.9	55.3	61.0	64.0

<sup>\*</sup> Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

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SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

# **B. Waiting List Information**

Table B9. Percent of candidates with deceased donor transplants: medical characteristics Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2015 and 12/31/2017

Characteristic		Percent transplanted at tim					me periods since listing United States			
	N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years	N	30 day	1 year	2 years	3 years
All	59	22.0	59.3	64.4	64.4	561	16.6	57.0	63.3	65.6
Blood Type										
Ο	30	20.0	63.3	73.3	73.3	275	17.5	56.7	65.5	68.0
A	20	25.0	45.0	45.0	45.0	194	14.9	57.2	60.8	62.4
В	8	12.5	75.0	75.0	75.0	69	13.0	55.1	59.4	62.3
AB	1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	23	30.4	65.2	69.6	73.9
Previous Transplant										
Yes	7	0.0	42.9	57.1	57.1	89	14.6	60.7	70.8	75.3
No	52	25.0	61.5	65.4	65.4	472	16.9	56.4	61.9	63.8
Primary Disease*										
Short Gut Syndrome	29	27.6	72.4	82.8	82.8	342	16.1	61.7	67.8	69.9
Functional Bowel Problem	2	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	67	7.5	38.8	50.7	53.7
Other	28	17.9	42.9	42.9	42.9	151	21.9	55.0	58.9	61.6
Missing*	0					1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

<sup>\*</sup> When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **B.** Waiting List Information

Table B10. Time to transplant for waiting list candidates\*

Candidates registered on the waiting list between 01/01/2015 and 06/30/2020

	Months to Transplant**							
Percentile	Center	OPO/DSA	Region	U.S.				
5th	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3				
10th	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5				
25th	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.9				
50th (median time to transplant)	6.4	6.4	6.0	7.4				
75th	Not Observed	Not Observed	31.8	Not Observed				

<sup>\*</sup> If cells contain "Not Observed" fewer than that percentile of patients had received a transplant. For example, the 50th percentile of time to transplant is the time when 50% of candidates have received transplants. If waiting times are long, then the 50th percentile may not be observed during the follow-up period for this table. Also, if more than 50% of candidates are removed from the list due to death or other reasons before receiving transplants, then the 50th percentile of time to transplant will not be observed.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Censored on 12/31/2020. Calculated as the months after listing, during which the corresponding percent of all patients initially listed had received a transplant.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **C. Transplant Information**

# Table C1D. Deceased donor transplant recipient demographic characteristics Patients transplanted between 01/01/2020 and 12/31/2020

	Percei	Percentage in each category		
Characteristic	Center (N=7)	Region (N=20)	U.S. (N=91)	
Ethnicity/Race (%)*				
White	71.4	70.0	58.2	
African-American	14.3	15.0	27.5	
Hispanic/Latino	14.3	10.0	9.9	
Asian	0.0	5.0	3.3	
Other	0.0	0.0	1.1	
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Age (%)				
<2 years	0.0	5.0	6.6	
2-11 years	0.0	15.0	24.2	
12-17	14.3	5.0	6.6	
18-34	28.6	30.0	25.3	
35-49 years	28.6	25.0	19.8	
50-64 years	28.6	15.0	14.3	
65-69 years	0.0	5.0	3.3	
70+ years	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Gender (%)				
Male	42.9	55.0	57.1	
Female	57.1	45.0	42.9	

<sup>\*</sup> Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# C. Transplant Information

# Table C2D. Deceased donor transplant recipient medical characteristics Patients transplanted between 01/01/2020 and 12/31/2020

	Percei	Percentage in each category		
Characteristic	Center	Region	U.S.	
	(N=7)	(N=20)	(N=91)	
Blood Type (%)				
0	42.9	55.0	48.4	
A	57.1	30.0	29.7	
В	0.0	15.0	18.7	
AB	0.0	0.0	3.3	
Previous Transplant (%)				
Yes	14.3	5.0	17.6	
No	85.7	95.0	82.4	
Body Mass Index (%)				
0-20	28.6	50.0	54.9	
21-25	57.1	35.0	29.7	
26-30	0.0	10.0	9.9	
31-35	0.0	0.0	1.1	
36-40	0.0	0.0	1.1	
41+	0.0	0.0	1.1	
Unknown	14.3	5.0	2.2	
Primary Disease (%)*				
Short Gut Syndrome	71.4	65.0	61.5	
Functional Bowel Problem	14.3	10.0	14.3	
Other	14.3	25.0	22.0	
Missing*	0.0	0.0	2.2	
Recipient Medical Condition at Transplant (%)				
Not Hospitalized	71.4	60.0	75.8	
Hospitalized	14.3	30.0	16.5	
ICU	0.0	5.0	5.5	
Unknown	14.3	5.0	2.2	

<sup>\*</sup> When "retransplant" is indicated, the primary disease is passed forward from the prior transplant in order to indicate the initial primary disease causing organ failure. "Missing" may include some patients for whom retransplant is indicated but no prior diagnosis can be found.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **C. Transplant Information**

# Table C3D. Deceased donor characteristics Transplants performed between 01/01/2020 and 12/31/2020

	Percentage in each category		
Donor Characteristic	Center (N=7)	Region (N=20)	U.S. (N=91)
Cause of Death (%)			
Deceased: Stroke	14.3	5.0	9.9
Deceased: MVA	0.0	15.0	8.8
Deceased: Other	85.7	80.0	81.3
Ethnicity/Race (%)*			
White	71.4	75.0	59.3
African-American	14.3	20.0	24.2
Hispanic/Latino	14.3	5.0	13.2
Asian	0.0	0.0	3.3
Other	0.0	0.0	0.0
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	0.0
Age (%)			
<2 years	0.0	10.0	18.7
2-11 years	28.6	20.0	29.7
12-17	0.0	15.0	12.1
18-34	71.4	40.0	30.8
35-49 years	0.0	15.0	8.8
50-64 years	0.0	0.0	0.0
65-69 years	0.0	0.0	0.0
70+ years	0.0	0.0	0.0
Gender (%)			
Male	42.9	55.0	56.0
Female	57.1	45.0	44.0
Blood Type (%)			
0	71.4	70.0	63.7
A	28.6	20.0	23.1
В	0.0	10.0	13.2
AB	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unknown	0.0	0.0	0.0

<sup>\*</sup> Race and ethnicity are reported together as a single data element, reflecting their data collection (either race or ethnicity is required, but not both). Patients formerly coded as white and Hispanic are coded as Hispanic. Race and ethnicity sum to 100%.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **C. Transplant Information**

## Table C4D. Deceased donor transplant characteristics Transplants performed between 01/01/2020 and 12/31/2020

	Perce	Percentage in each category		
Transplant Characteristic	Center (N=7)	Region (N=20)	U.S. (N=91)	
Total Ischemic Time (Hours): Local (%)				
Deceased: 0-5 hr	0.0	33.3	54.5	
Deceased: 6-10 hr	50.0	33.3	36.4	
Deceased: 11-15 hr	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Deceased: 16-20 hr	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Deceased: 21+ hr	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Not Reported	50.0	33.3	9.1	
Total Ischemic Time (Hours): Shared (%)				
Deceased: 0-5 hr	20.0	29.4	28.8	
Deceased: 6-10 hr	80.0	70.6	67.5	
Deceased: 11-15 hr	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Deceased: 16-20 hr	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Deceased: 21+ hr	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Not Reported	0.0	0.0	3.8	
Procedure Type (%)				
Single organ	42.9	35.0	45.1	
Multi organ	57.1	65.0	54.9	
Donor Location (%)				
Local Donation Service Area (DSA)	28.6	15.0	12.1	
Another Donation Service Area (DSA)	71.4	85.0	87.9	
Median Time in Hospital After Transplant*	21.0 Days	37.0 Days	41.5 Days	

<sup>\*</sup> Multi organ transplants are excluded from this statistic.



## SCIENTIFIC Indiana University Health

Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

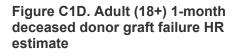
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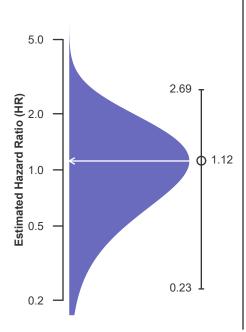
# C. Transplant Information

Table C5D. Adult (18+) 1-month survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020

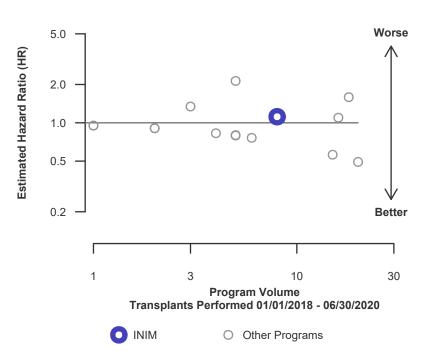
Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures INIM U.S. Number of transplants evaluated 8 111 Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month 87.50% 89.99% (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics) Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month 90.11% (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics) Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) 1 11 during the first month after transplant Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) 0.69 during the first month after transplant Estimated hazard ratio\* 1.12 95% credible interval for the hazard ratio\*\* [0.23, 2.69]

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.23, 2.69], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 12% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 77% reduced





# Figure C2D. Adult (18+) 1-month deceased donor graft failure HR program comparison



<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.



Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **C. Transplant Information**

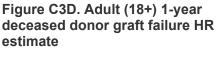
Table C6D. Adult (18+) 1-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020

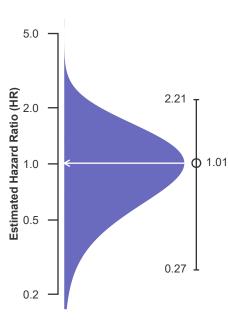
Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Deaths and retransplants are considered grant failures	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	8	111
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	72.92%	68.75%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	68.98%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	2	31
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	1.97	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.01	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.27, 2.21]	

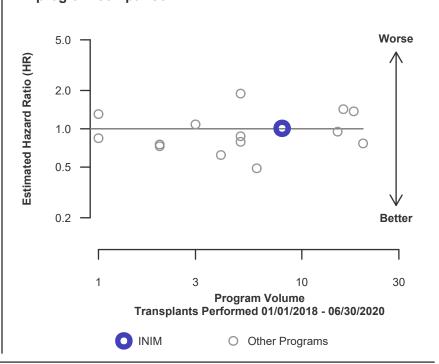
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.27, 2.21], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 1% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 73% reduced





# Figure C4D. Adult (18+) 1-year deceased donor graft failure HR program comparison





Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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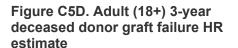
# C. Transplant Information

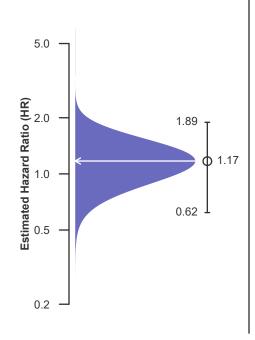
Table C7D. Adult (18+) 3-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 07/01/2015 and 12/31/2017 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Deaths and retransplants are considered grant failures	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	22	183
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	50.00%	58.72%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	58.86%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	11	75
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	9.09	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.17	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.62, 1.89]	

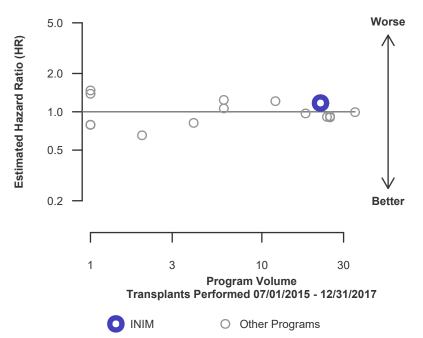
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.62, 1.89], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 17% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 38% reduced





## Figure C6D. Adult (18+) 3-year deceased donor graft failure HR program comparison





# SCIENTIFIC Indiana University Health

Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

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# C. Transplant Information

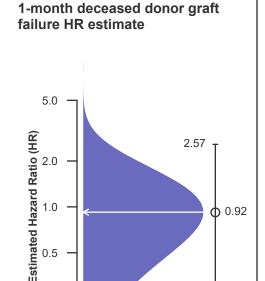
Table C8D. Pediatric (<18) 1-month survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020

Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Death's and retransplants are considered graft failures	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	3	73
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	94.52%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.58%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0	4
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first month after transplant	0.17	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.92	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.11, 2.57]	

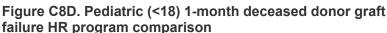
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

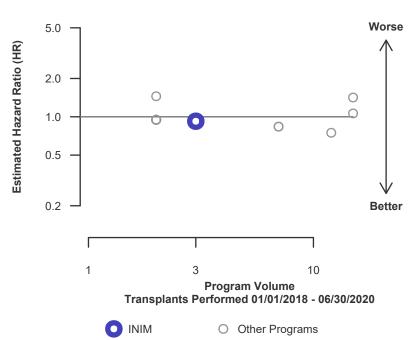
<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.11, 2.57], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 8% lower risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 89% reduced risk



0.2

Figure C7D. Pediatric (<18)





0.11



Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

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Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# C. Transplant Information

Table C9D. Pediatric (<18) 1-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020 Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Deaths and retransplants are considered grant failures	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	3	73
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	66.67%	79.44%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	79.62%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	1	13
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first year after transplant	0.66	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.13	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.23, 2.72]	

<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.23, 2.72], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 13% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 77% reduced

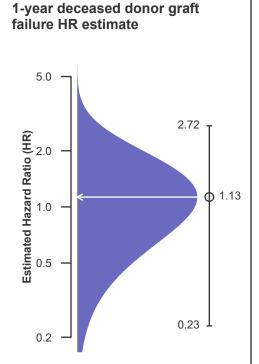
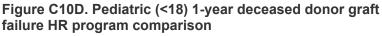
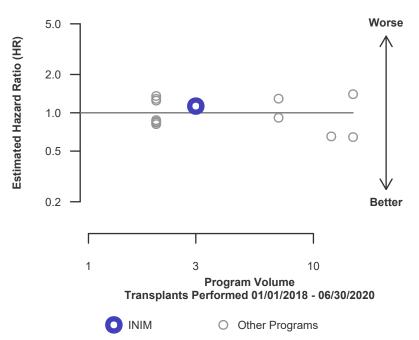


Figure C9D. Pediatric (<18)







Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

SRTR Program-Specific Report Feedback?: SRTR@SRTR.org 1.877.970.SRTR (7787) http://www.srtr.org

# **C. Transplant Information**

Table C10D. Pediatric (<18) 3-year survival with a functioning deceased donor graft Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 07/01/2015 and 12/31/2017

Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures

Deaths and retransplants are considered graft failures	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	6	131
Estimated probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	66.67%	68.39%
Expected probability of surviving with a functioning graft at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	68.54%	
Number of observed graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	2	41
Number of expected graft failures (including deaths) during the first 3 years after transplant	1.64	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.10	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.30, 2.41]	

<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected graft failure rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's graft failure rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.30, 2.41], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 10% higher risk of graft failure compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 70% reduced

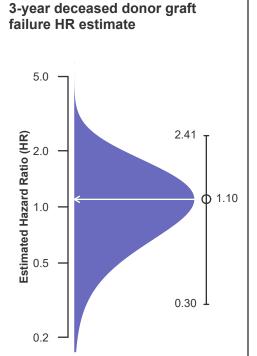
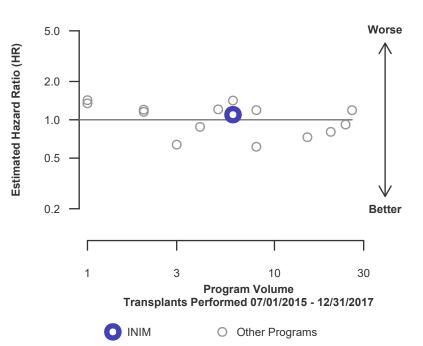


Figure C11D. Pediatric (<18)







Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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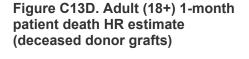
# C. Transplant Information

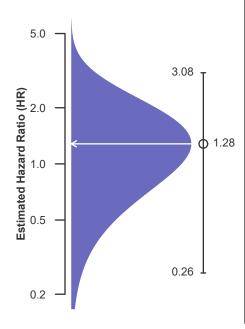
Table C11D. Adult (18+) 1-month patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020 Retransplants excluded

netiansplants excluded	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	8	99
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	87.50%	94.90%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	94.93%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	1	5
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	0.34	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.28	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.26, 3.08]	

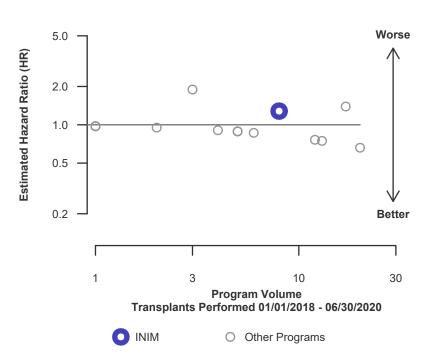
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.26, 3.08], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 28% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 74% reduced risk up to 208% increased risk.





# Figure C14D. Adult (18+) 1-month patient death HR program comparison (deceased donor grafts)





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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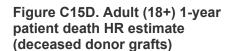
# C. Transplant Information

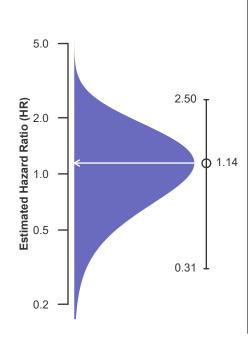
Table C12D. Adult (18+) 1-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020

Retransplants excluded	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	8	99
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	72.92%	74.25%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	74.43%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	2	22
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	1.50	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.14	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.31, 2.50]	

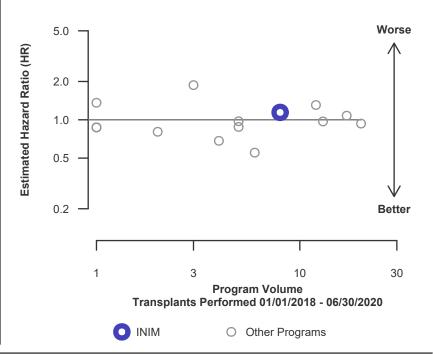
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.31, 2.50], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 14% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 69% reduced risk up to 150% increased risk.





# Figure C16D. Adult (18+) 1-year patient death HR program comparison (deceased donor grafts)





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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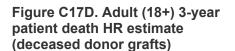
# C. Transplant Information

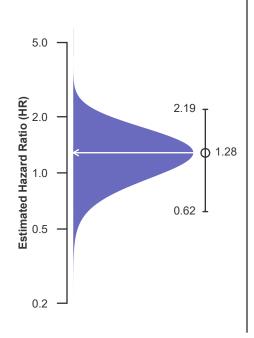
Table C13D. Adult (18+) 3-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 07/01/2015 and 12/31/2017

Retransplants excluded	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	20	163
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	59.58%	69.64%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	69.75%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	8	49
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	5.80	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.28	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.62, 2.19]	

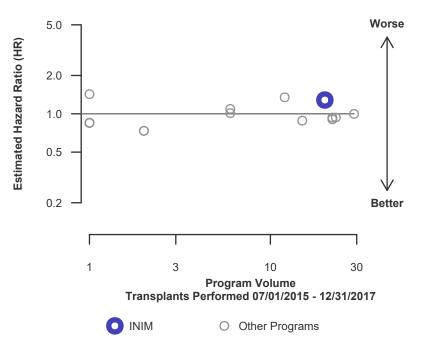
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.62, 2.19], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 28% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 38% reduced risk up to 119% increased risk.





# Figure C18D. Adult (18+) 3-year patient death HR program comparison (deceased donor grafts)





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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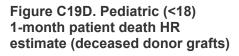
# C. Transplant Information

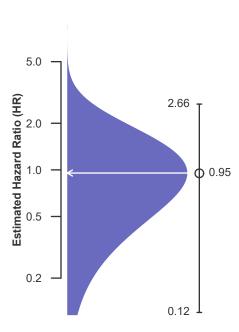
Table C14D. Pediatric (<18) 1-month patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020 Retransplants excluded

Tetransplants excluded	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	2	63
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 month (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	95.24%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 month (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	95.30%	
Number of observed deaths during the first month after transplant	0	3
Number of expected deaths during the first month after transplant	0.10	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.95	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.12, 2.66]	

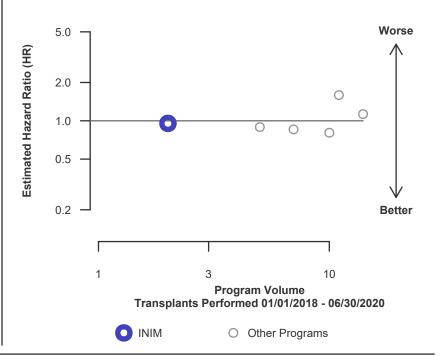
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.12, 2.66], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 5% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 88% reduced risk up to 166% increased risk.





# Figure C20D. Pediatric (<18) 1-month patient death HR program comparison (deceased donor grafts)





Center Code: INIM Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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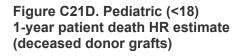
# C. Transplant Information

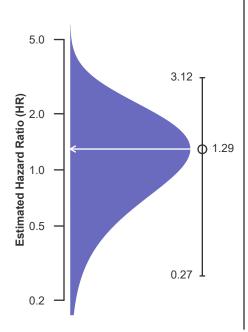
Table C15D. Pediatric (<18) 1-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 01/01/2018 and 03/12/2020 Retransplants excluded

Netianspiants excluded	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	2	63
Estimated probability of surviving at 1 year (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	50.00%	85.10%
Expected probability of surviving at 1 year (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	85.26%	
Number of observed deaths during the first year after transplant	1	8
Number of expected deaths during the first year after transplant	0.32	
Estimated hazard ratio*	1.29	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.27, 3.12]	

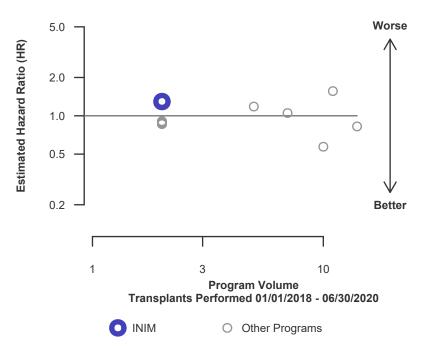
<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.27, 3.12], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 29% higher risk of patient death compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 73% reduced risk up to 212% increased risk.





## Figure C22D. Pediatric (<18) 1-year patient death HR program comparison (deceased donor grafts)





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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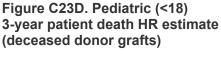
# C. Transplant Information

Table C16D. Pediatric (<18) 3-year patient survival (deceased donor graft recipients) Intestine (Single-Organ and Intestine with Liver and/or Pancreas Transplants Only) Transplants performed between 07/01/2015 and 12/31/2017 Retransplants excluded

Retiansplants excluded	INIM	U.S.
Number of transplants evaluated	5	106
Estimated probability of surviving at 3 years (unadjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	100.00%	74.12%
Expected probability of surviving at 3 years (adjusted for patient and donor characteristics)	74.24%	
Number of observed deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	0	27
Number of expected deaths during the first 3 years after transplant	1.47	
Estimated hazard ratio*	0.58	
95% credible interval for the hazard ratio**	[0.07, 1.60]	

<sup>\*</sup> The hazard ratio provides an estimate of how Indiana University Health (INIM)'s results compare with what was expected based on modeling the transplant outcomes from all U.S. programs. A ratio above 1 indicates higher than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 1.5 would indicate 50% higher risk), and a ratio below 1 indicates lower than expected patient death rates (e.g., a hazard ratio of 0.75 would indicate 25% lower risk). If INIM's patient death rate were precisely the expected rate, the estimated hazard ratio would be 1.0.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The 95% credible interval, [0.07, 1.60], indicates the location of INIM's true hazard ratio with 95% probability. The best estimate is 42% lower risk of patient death compared to an average program, but INIM's performance could plausibly range from 93% reduced risk up to 60% increased risk.



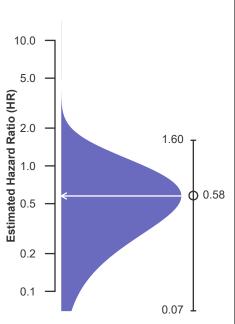
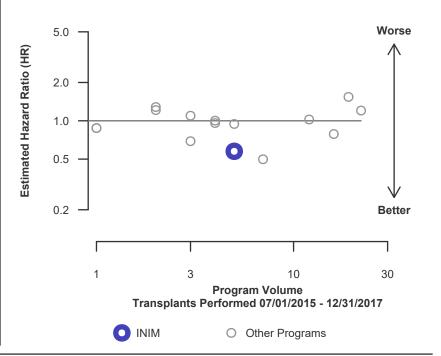


Figure C24D. Pediatric (<18) 3-year patient death HR program comparison (deceased donor grafts)





Center Code: INIM

Transplant Program (Organ): Intestine

Release Date: July 6, 2021

Based on Data Available: April 30, 2021

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# **C. Transplant Information**

Table C17. Multi-organ transplant graft survival: 01/01/2018 - 06/30/2020

Adult	(18+)	) Trans	nlants
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#### **First-Year Outcomes**

Transplant Type	Transplants Performed		Intestine Graft Failures		Estimated Intestine Graft Survival	
	INIM-TX1	USA	INIM-TX1	USA	INIM-TX1	USA
Kidney-Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	2	9	1	5	50.0%	44.4%
Pancreas-Intestine	1	12	0	4	100.0%	64.3%
Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	4	46	2	19	50.0%	57.9%

## Pediatric (<18) Transplants

## **First-Year Outcomes**

Transplant Type	Transplants Performed		Intestine Graft Failures		Estimated Intestine Graft Survival	
	INIM-TX1	USA	INIM-TX1	USA	INIM-TX1	USA
Kidney-Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	1	4	0	2	100.0%	50.0%
Liver-Intestine	1	3	0	0	100.0%	100.0%
Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	2	55	1	11	50.0%	79.7%

## Table C18. Multi-organ transplant patient survival: 01/01/2018 - 06/30/2020

## Adult (18+) Transplants

### **First-Year Outcomes**

Transplant Type	Transplants Performed INIM-TX1 USA		Patient Deaths			Estimated Patient Survival	
	IIAIIAI-IVI	USA	IIAIIAI-IVI	USA	IIAIIAI-I VI	USA	
Kidney-Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	2	9	1	5	50.0%	44.4%	
Pancreas-Intestine	1	12	0	3	100.0%	75.0%	
Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	4	46	2	18	50.0%	60.9%	

### Pediatric (<18) Transplants

#### **First-Year Outcomes**

Transplant Type	Transp Perfor		Patient I	Patient Deaths		Estimated Patient Survival	
	INIM-TX1	USA	INIM-TX1	USA	INIM-TX1	USA	
Kidney-Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	1	4	0	2	100.0%	50.0%	
Liver-Intestine	1	3	0	0	100.0%	100.0%	
Pancreas-Liver-Intestine	2	55	1	10	50.0%	81.8%	