Use of Small (<10 kg) kidney donors in the US

List authors here



Disclosures

Jodi Smith, MD, MPH Associate Professor of Pediatrics University of Washington, Seattle

I have no financial relationships to disclose within the past 12 months relevant to my presentation. The ACCME defines 'relevant' financial relationships as financial relationships in any amount occurring within the past 12 months that create a conflict of interest.

AND

My presentation does not include discussion of off-label or investigational use.

I do not intend to reference unlabeled/unapproved uses of drugs or products in my presentation.

This work was supported wholly or in part by HRSA contract HHSH-250-2015-00009C. The content is the responsibility of the authors alone and does not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Department of HHS, nor does mention of trade names, commercial products, or organizations imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.



Introduction

- The supply of kidneys for transplant continues to exceed the demand.
- Efforts to expand the donor pool have led to interest in small pediatric kidney donors.
- We reviewed kidney recovery, use, and outcomes for kidneys from donors weighing <10 kg.



Methods

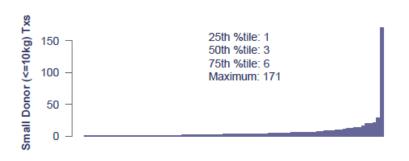
- SRTR standard analysis files
- Examined all donors weighing <10 kg
 - January 1, 2010-June 30, 2015
- Donor defined as having at least 1 organ procured for the purpose of transplant
- Kidneys reported to UNOS by the OPO as:
 - single left/right or en bloc



Results: Number of transplants

- Total of 848 donors weighing < 10 kg
 - 1696 kidneys
- 1.9% of 45,557 deceased donors
- Number of transplants ranged from 89 (2010) to 119 (2012) per year
- Number of centers, 29 to 40

Year	Freq	Centers
2010	89	39
2011	92	40
2012	119	36
2013	117	29
2014	98	33
2015	52	29

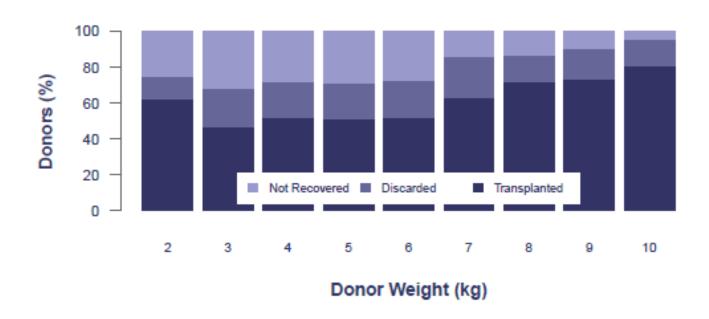


Each Bar Represents 1 Transplant Program



Disposition of kidneys varied by donor weight

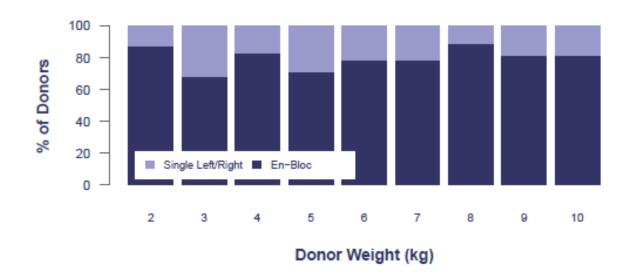
• As donor weight increased, more kidneys were offered for transplant and fewer were not recovered or discarded.





How were these kidneys offered? en-bloc vs. single

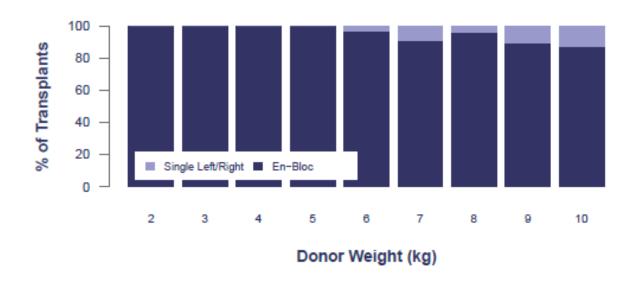
- 683 (81%) were offered en bloc
- 165 (19%) were offered as single left/right kidneys





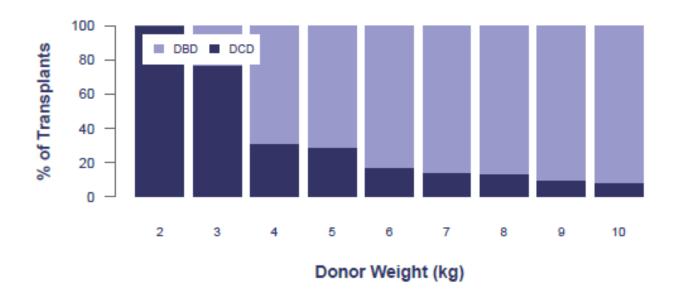
How were kidneys transplanted? en bloc vs. single

 No kidneys from donors weighing <5 kg were transplanted as single kidneys despite up to 35% being offered as single kidneys.



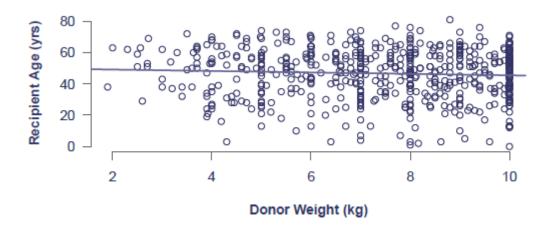


Results: DBD vs DCD



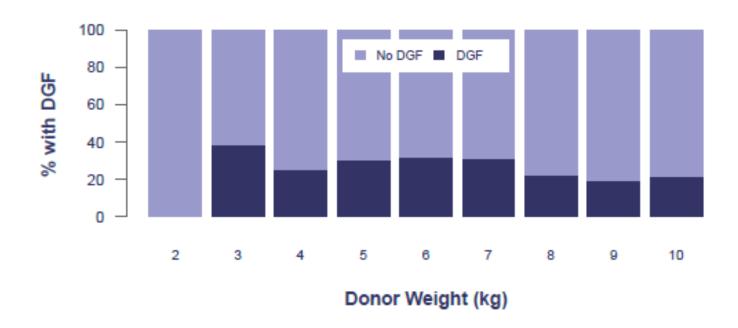


Results: Recipient characteristics





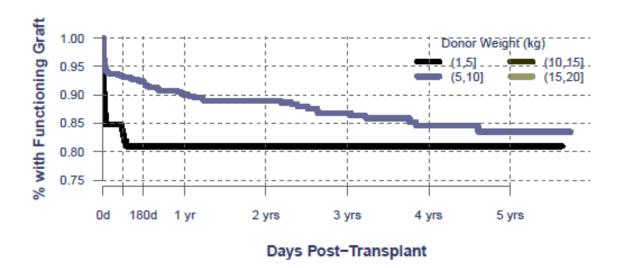
Results: Delayed graft function





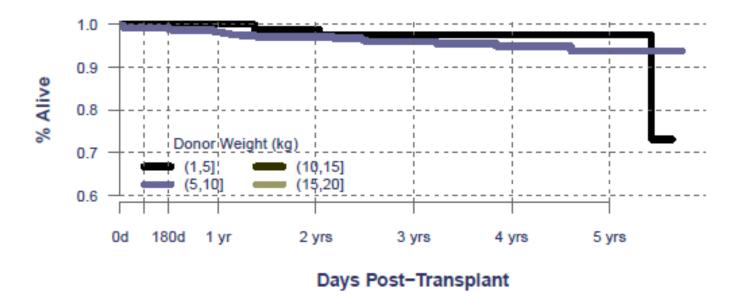
Results: Graft survival

- Graft survival trended lower for donors weighing 2-5 kg (P=0.0687).
- Most graft losses occurred in the first 6 months.





Results: Patient survival





Conclusion

- Among small pediatric kidney donors, organ recovery, use, and graft survival varies by donor weight.
- Potential expansion of the organ pool should focus on increasing recovery, utilization, and graft survival, particularly with donors weighing <5 kg.
- Further study is needed to establish the potential yield of organs from this population to optimize their distribution.

